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HONGKONG, FRIDAY, JULY 28, 1939.

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UNITED STATES TAKES ACTION AGAINST JAPAN: ABROGATION OF PACT OVERJOYS CHUNGKING, GIVES BAD SHOCK TO TOKYO

U.S. Stand Contrast To Britain's

YESTERDAY, THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT gave notice of the abrogation of the Commercial Treaty with Japan, signed in 1911. The end of this agreement clears the way for economic retaliation against Japanese attacks on American interests in the East, according to Reuter.

"Whereas Britain, in her agreement in Tientsin, may have receded, such is not the course of the United States," writes the "New York Times."

The Washington correspondent of the same paper reports that when the Senate Committee for Foreign Affairs postponed discussion on the abrogation proposal, the President decided to act immediately.

A note denouncing the agreement was thereupon handed to the Japanese Embassy by Mr. Francis Sayre, Assistant Secretary of State.

RETALIATION

NEW YORK, July 27 (Reuter)—The "New York Times," referring to the United States Government's move to terminate the 1911 pact with Japan, says that the administration's step signifies that the United States is not only standing on her rights, but that she is prepared to follow those rights as they are infringed by Japan with retaliatory action.

The United States' action means, continued the paper, that if Japan, through the present series of face-slappings of Americans by Japanese soldiers in China, is deliberately attempting to make the United States lose face in the Far East, the entire Orient might as well know that the United States intends to assert her prestige vigorously to meet Japan with the only language a military-dominated Government seems to understand.

(See Page 9 and Leader).

SUMMARY OF LONDON REACTIONS TO MOVE

LONDON, July 27 (Reuter)—The United States note to Japan concerning the abrogation of the Commercial Treaty with Japan can be fairly described as one of the greatest surprises connected with the Sino-Japanese war, especially since it follows so closely on the defeat of the President on the neutrality issue and other indications of the revived strength of the isolationist faction.

Although it is not yet time for editorials, the evening's news-bills feature the abrogation prominently.

Government quarters refuse to comment, saying that no official news of the abrogation has been received and its effects will need careful consideration.

A survey was made by Reuter in Chinese, British, and Japanese circles.

The Chinese are jubilant and reiterate the predictions made at the beginning of the war that the United States would sooner or later be bound to take action in regard to it.

British circles state that the American action cannot fail

Full Text Of Abrogation



WASHINGTON, July 27 (Reuter)—The complete text of the Note is as follows:

"During recent years the Government of the United States has been examining treaties of commerce and navigation in force between the United States and foreign countries with a view to determining what changes may be needed to be made towards better serving of the purposes for which such treaties were concluded.

"In the course of his survey the Government of the United States has come to the conclusion that the Japan-United States Treaty of Commerce and Navigation, signed at Washington on February 21, 1911, contains provisions needing new consideration.

"Towards preparing the way for such consideration with a view to better safeguarding and promoting American interests as new developments may require, the Government hereby gives notice of its desire that the Treaty be terminated and will expect the Treaty, together with its accompanying protocol, to expire six months from this date." (Signed) CORDELL HULL

What Japan Stands To Lose If U.S., Britain Join Hands

SHANGHAI ASKING IF CRAIGIE WILL TAKE STRONG STAND OPPORTUNITY

SHANGHAI, July 27 (Int'l)—Anglo-American circles here received with satisfaction the Washington report concerning the American abrogation of Treaty of Commerce and Amity with Japan of 1911.

This move is intended to strengthen the British attitude in the Tokyo talks, although it is feared that it is rather late.

Dependence On Democracies

The United States, the British, French and Dutch Empires during 1938 (last available figures) provided Japan with 86 per cent. of her essential war materials. This included 77 per cent. of her aircraft, 99 per cent. of her oil and petroleum, and more than 90 per cent. of all her metals and ores.

In 1938 the U.S.A. sent \$13,000,000 worth of aircraft and part to Japan. British Malaya gave her 87.5 per cent. of her rubber and 92 per cent. of her tin. From Canada, the Japanese

aggressors received half their requirements of aluminium and 91 per cent. of their nickel. British India (where people are very sympathetic to China) sent Japan 97 per cent. of the mica she wanted.

The democracies also took 82.3 per cent. of Japan's exports; 40 per cent. of these were sent to Empire countries.

CHUNGKING IS ENTHUSIASTIC

CHUNGKING, July 27 (Reuter)—The news of America's decision to abrogate the Commercial Treaty with Japan was received in Chungking with the greatest joy and enthusiasm.

While the decision will not be effective until six months hence, it is regarded as the greatest gesture of moral encouragement which China has so far received in the course of her struggle.

DOLLAR UP

Private advices from Shanghai state that the financial and stock markets reacted immediately and favourably to the news of Washington's action.

The Chinese dollar firmed considerably and the price of gold in Chinese currency registered a drop.

SPANISH EMBASSY DENIAL

LONDON, July 27 (Reuter)—The Spanish Embassy has denied reports of differences between the Monarchists and Phalangists, although rumours persist that another of General Franco's trusted generals has been dismissed.

It is reported that General Delano has been appointed Spanish Ambassador to the Argentine.

People Of Japan Are Undeceived

TOKYO, July 27 (Reuter)—President Roosevelt's sudden action torpedoed the false notions of the Japanese people regarding the American attitude towards their country which had been fostered by a long campaign of misrepresentation of American forbearance in China.

In Government circles, likewise, the first reaction was surprise. The Japanese nation had been led to believe that the Vandenberg resolution was a measure of domestic policy, which would never be implemented in summary action.

The stock market suffered a setback at the receipt of the news. Declines ranging up to three Yen were recorded on many stocks, although a few stocks showed gains.

When he received news of the abrogation, Mr. Yoshizawa, head of the American Section of the Foreign Office, is understood to have said: "The action is regrettable. So long as America persists in her present attitude, satisfactory results cannot be expected even if a new commercial treaty is proposed."

The King received General Sir Edmund Ironside, on his appointment to the post of Inspector-General of the Overseas Forces, says a Reuter message from London.

Compulsory Black-out Exercise - On Other - Pages

PAGE 2.—Radio programmes. Services. Wimbledon champion defeated. U.S. baseball. Lawn bowls.
PAGE 3.—Women's interests. Confide in Faith Prior. Autumn fashions. Round the shops.
PAGE 4.—Cinemas. Crossword puzzle. Coming events.
PAGE 5.—Cathedral wedding. Mariene sings and dances. Newsletters. Menu.
PAGE 6.—Compulsory Service Bill becomes law.
PAGE 7.—Leading article: America Leads.
PAGE 8.—Author and traveller in Colony. South China blockade.
PAGE 9.—Finance and commerce.
PAGE 10.—Progress of Moscow parleys. Japanese planes over Chungshan. Thesis will not be abandoned. Sale of war materials to Japan. Naval patrol off Palestine. Spanish gold.
PAGE 11 & 12.—Shipping news and directory.

The Minister of Justice announced that the Ministry of Justice will be removed to Madrid in August and that by early autumn all government departments will have returned to Madrid.

WHAT IS DELAYING LONDON LOAN TO CHINA?

A Reuter message from Chungking last night quoted Chinese reports to the effect that Britain had made a new Export Credit Loan to China, totalling \$3,000,000 Sterling.

"Central News" also reported this. Early this morning came a new Reuter message from London. It stated that "the signature of a new credit agreement, reported from Chungking, is incorrect. Negotiations in this connexion have been going on for some months, but they have not yet been concluded and nothing has been signed."

PARLEYS ON TIENTSIN

Stubbornness Of Japanese

TOKYO, July 27 (Reuter)—A communique states that the British and Japanese representatives held meetings this morning and afternoon.

In the morning further details with regard to possible future police procedure in Tientsin were worked out and the representatives passed the afternoon in consideration of economic questions.

"Domel" states that although "agreement has been reached on the main points," there is still some divergence of views on the proposed dismissal of anti-Japanese employees of the British Municipal Council at Tientsin and the extradition of the four men accused of murdering the Commissioner of Customs.

GEN. DOUMENC FOR MOSCOW

PARIS, July 27 (Reuter)—It is confirmed, according to a Havas report, that General Doumenc, Commanding the First Region (Lille), will participate in the proposed Staff talks in Moscow.

BOMBING OUTRAGES IN LIVERPOOL BY I.R.A.

Bridge And Post Offices Wrecked By Explosions

LONDON, July 27 (Reuter)—Irish Republican Army terrorists struck again early to-day with three outrages in Liverpool.

One explosion wrecked a bridge on the Leeds-Liverpool Canal at Maghull, five miles from Liverpool, completely blocking the waterway.

A second explosion, believed to have been caused by sticks of gelignite, practically wrecked the interior of the Mount Pleasant Liverpool Post Office blowing out the front part of the building and littering the streets with debris.

The third explosion occurred in a letter-box near the post office.

Special Criminal Investigation Department officers early this morning continued inquiries on the London outrages and scores of people were interviewed but hitherto no-one has been detained.

Police guards are mounted on all London bridges and a watch is being kept at railway stations and public service departments.

Special Bill

LONDON, July 27 (Reuter)—Lord Stanhope, First Lord of the Admiralty, announced in the House of Lords to-day that in view of the I.R.A. outrages, it was proposed to pass the prevention of violence bill in all its stages to-morrow.

Lord Sneli, leader of the Opposition, said that the Bill was an urgent one and that there would be general agreement in whatever variation of procedure, was necessary.

The Prime Minister spoke with some warmth on the bombings in Liverpool and assured the House that no effort would be spared to bring to justice those guilty of these criminal and cowardly attacks.

The twenty-fifth anniversary of the outbreak of the World War and of the Battle of Tannenberg will be celebrated by the German armed forces with special ceremonies on August 2 and 27.

CROOKES' World Famous SUNGLASSES

DON'T BUY A CHEAP IMITATION Obtain the Genuine Article

Suzanne OPTICIAN

GOVERNOR ON TOKYO FORMULA

NO GROUND FOR APPREHENSION

"It is evident that in some quarters there is an impression that the preliminary agreement reached in Tokyo indicates or foreshadows a weakening of British policy in China, and that this belief is having a disheartening effect on those who hold it. I wish to state clearly and emphatically that in my view there is no ground whatever for that apprehension."

In these words His Excellency the Governor, Sir Geoffrey Northcote, in a Special Announcement made before the Legislative Council yesterday, disposed of rumours in connection with the recent Tokyo agreement, rumours which had been sedulously and ingeniously spread by those who are ill-disposed towards Great Britain or are at enmity with China.

H. E.'S ADDRESS

Text of His Excellency's address follows:—"Before the business on the agenda is taken I will ask your attention for a brief moment to a statement which I feel it in my duty to make.

It is evident that in some quarters in this Colony there is an impression that the preliminary agreement recently reached in Tokyo between the British Ambassador and the Japanese Foreign Minister indicates or foreshadows

(Continued on Page 8)

SOLDIER INJURED BY CAR

MAGAZINE GAP ACCIDENT

A soldier of the Middlesex Regiment proceeding up Stubbs Road, near Magazine Gap, during the course of the black-out last night was knocked down and injured by military car and was taken to hospital.

The injured man is Private Bryant, who was walking abreast up the road with Private Miller, of the same Regiment. They were out in connexion with the military exercise in which the Army, Navy and Volunteers took part.

Private Bryant was hit in the back and knocked down by an Austin car, No. 4875, belonging to the military authorities and driven by Lance Corporal Rumford, of the Royal Corps of Signals, which was proceeding up the slope at reduced speed and with shaded lights.

Assisted into the car, Bryant was taken to the Military Hospital, Bowen Road, where he received medical attention.

THE DOLLAR

ON T.T. LONDON: L. 2. 19/32. ON T.T. NEW YORK: 25. From Our Own Correspondent. London, July 27. London silver prices to-day were up 1/18 as follows:—
July 26 July 27
Spot 16-7/16 16-1/2
Forward 16-1/16 16-1/8

Compulsory Black-out Exercise Success: Decontamination Squads' Splendid Work

RESTAURANT INCIDENT REPORTED FROM THE WANCHAI DISTRICT

FOLLOWING AMPLE WARNING BY THE AIR RAID PRECAUTIONS AUTHORITIES the public responded well to the compulsory black-out test which was carried out successfully last night. The period of total extinguishment commenced shortly after 9 o'clock with the sounding of the air raid warning signal, over a period of three minutes, which was clearly audible throughout the Colony and the mainland.

Traffic including ferries, which came to a standstill, resumed at 10 p.m. with restricted lighting. The "all clear" was sounded at 11.10 o'clock when normal lighting was resumed.

A.R.P. Wardens were on official duty while members of St. John Ambulance Brigade patrolled the various districts attending to "casualties." The Fire Brigade dealt efficiently with an incendiary bomb explosion in Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation premises while decontamination squads were busy on the mainland and in the Wanchai area.

A German military mission arrived at Lisbon yesterday en route to Spain, says Reuter.

FIRE EMERGENCY IN CITY

All the conditions of an outbreak of fire caused by an incendiary bomb were simulated at Statue Square, writes a "Daily Press" reporter who made a tour of the city.

An incendiary bomb was taken to have burst in the premises of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation soon after the alarm was sounded. In response to a call, Fire Brigade appliances were rushed from the Central and Wanchai stations.

Assuming that all water mains had been put out of action, Fire Brigade workers, relaying long hoses from one appliance to another from the Praya to Des Voeux Road Central, drew water from the

(Continued on Page 9)

Radio Programmes

HONGKONG

Z On Wavelengths of 355 metres (845 k.c's) 31.45

B metres (845 k.c's) 31.45

W metres (845 k.c's) 31.45

STUDIO SOPRANO RECITAL BY ELIZABETH RODGERS

"Carmen" Act II

12.00 to 12.20 p.m. Relay of Service of Intercession from St. John's Cathedral.

12.30 p.m. A Concert by Missa Lavitzki (Piano).

Concerto, No. 1 in E Flat Major (Liszt)—with the London Symphony Orchestra cond. by Sir Landon Ronald. Hungarian Rhapsody No. 12 (Liszt).

1.00 p.m. Local Time Signal and Weather Report.

1.03 p.m. The Street Singer and Otto Dobrindt and His Orchestra.

Sunny Days—Fox-Trot Intermezzo; Chorus of The Clocks—Fox-Trot Intermezzo—Otto Dobrindt and His Piano Symphonists. Goldilocks and The Three Bears (film Follow your Star).

Waltz For Those in Love (film Follow your Star)—The Street Singer (Arthur Tracy) with Orchestra.

When The Lads Are Off To Dance—Fox-Trot Intermezzo; Mind Your Step—Fox-Trot—Otto Dobrindt and His Piano Symphonists. I Won't Tell A Soul (Parker, Charles)—The Street Singer (Arthur Tracy) with Instrumental Accompaniment.

Rouge Et Noir—Slow Fox-Trot: Will O' The Wisp—Fox-Trot Intermezzo—Otto Dobrindt and His Piano Symphonists.

1.30 p.m. Reuter and Rugby Press. Weather Forecast and Announcements.

1.40 Jessie Matthews (Vocal) and Harry Roy's Tiger-Ragumuffs.

Jazz Me Blues—Quickstep; Cheerful Blues—Slow Fox-Trot—Harry Roy's Tiger-Ragumuffs. Just By Your Example (film Evergreen).

Dancing On The Ceiling (film Evergreen)—Jessie Matthews (Vocal) with Orch. Waltz—Medley—Intro: Ah! Sweet Mystery of Life; Falling in Love Again; Charmaine; Ramona; Missouri Waltz; What I Do, Harry Roy's Tiger-Ragumuffs. Tinkle, Tinkle, Tinkle: Over My Shoulder (film Evergreen).

When You've Got A Little Springtime In Your Heart (film Evergreen)—Jessie Matthews (Vocal) with Orchestra. Shine My Sweetie Went Away; Sweet Jenny Lee; Farewell Blues; You Rascal You; Muddy Waters—Harry Roy and His Tiger-Ragumuffs.

2.15 p.m. Close down.

8.00 p.m. Dance Music.

Quickstep—Swing Is Here To Stay (film "All Baba goes to Town"); Slow Fox-Trot—Got A New Pair Of Shoes (film "Thoroughbreds don't cry")—Harry Roy and His Orchestra. Tango Fox-Trot—City of A Million Dreams; Waltz—Viennese Romance—Jack Wilson and His Versatile Five. Quickstep—Home Again Blues—Fox-Trot—Pop Corn Man—Harry Roy and His Orchestra. Slow Fox-Trot—Silver Salts On Moonlit Waters; After All These Years—Jack Wilson and His Orchestra. Five; Waltz—Dance The Moonlight Waltz With Me; Slow Fox-Trot—Old Pal Of Mine—Mantovani and His Orchestra. Fox-Trot—It's D'Lovely (from The Fleet's In Up); I hadn't Anyone Till You—Gerardo and His Orchestra. Tango—Fortuna—Robert Renard Dance Orchestra.

8.42 p.m. Closing local Stock Quotations.

8.45 p.m. London Relay — "Great Occasions in Parliament."

An Appeal for National Unity, November 10, 1797.

7.15 p.m. Musical Comedy Selections.

"Mother Of Pearl"—Selection (O. Strauss) New Mayfair Orchestra.

Musical Comedy Through the Years—Selection—Gerardo and His Orchestra with N. Hall, O. Grantham and M. Rey.

7.35 p.m. The Hill Billies, Vivian Ellis and the London Piano-Accordion Band.

The Whistling Waltz (film "Time-light"); Maid Of Brazil (film Roy and Marsden) — London Piano-Accordion Band. A Shanty In A Horse Town (The Hill Billies); Waltzing Matilda (An Australian Song)—Cowan and Wood.—The Hill Billies with Their Own Novelty Accompaniment. A Little White Room (Ploodylight)—Beverly Nichols; "Ploodylight"—Piano Medley (Beverly Nichols)—Vivian Ellis (Piano). Across The Great Divide (Box and Others); My Little Buckaroo (film "Strange Laws")—The Hill Billies with Their Own Novelty Accompaniment. I Have Lost My Heart In Budapest (Mihaly and Felner) — London Piano-Accordion Band.

8.00 p.m. Local Time Signal. Weather Report and Announcements.

8.05 p.m. Next week's programme.

8.06 p.m. Lido—The Enchanted Lake.

Serge Koussevitzky and the Boston Symphony Orchestra.

8.15 p.m. Studio—Concert by Elizabeth Rodgers (Soprano) and Nura Kankis (Piano).

1. The Birch-Tree (A. Gretchaninov); 2. The Awakening of a Snowdrop (A. Gretchaninov); 3. My Country (A. Gretchaninov); 4. Lullaby (A. Gretchaninov) — Elizabeth Rodgers; 5. Prelude, Op. 10, No. 1 (Gladys); 6. A Musical Snuff Box (Gladys)—Nura Kankis; 7. All is Calm, The River is Asleep—(C. Kasherwaroff); 8. The Pine-Tree (M. Balakroff); 9. Cornflowers (A. Chermavsky)—Elizabeth Rodgers.

8.45 p.m. Gries — Concerto In A Minor, Op. 16.

Arthur De Greef (Piano) and the Royal Albert Hall Orchestra conducted by Sir Landon Ronald.

9.15 p.m. London Relay—The News.

9.20 p.m. London Relay — "More Food for Thought."

Short talks on matters of topical interest.

8.45 p.m. London Relay — Sports News and Market Notes.

9.50 p.m. Orchestral Selections.

The Immortals—Concert Overture (Reginald King)—London Symphony Orchestra cond. by Walter Goehr.

"The Perfect Fool"—Dance Of The Spirits Of The Earth (Holst). "The Planets"—No. 3. Mercury (Holst)—Symphony Orchestra conducted by Albert Coates. Pastoral D'Ete — Poeme Symphonique (Honegger) — Arthur Honegger and Grand Symphony Orchestra. Fata Perpetuum Mobile (Johann Strauss) — William Mengelsberg and His Concertgebouw Orchestra.

10.20 p.m. Bizet's "Carmen" Act II.

Singers in order of appearance: Aurora Biades, Bruno Carnassi, Ebe Ticozzi, Irma Mion, Benvenuto Franci, Aristide Baracchi, Giuseppe Nesi, Aureliano Pertile, and Chorus of La Scala, Milan with the Milan Symphony Orchestra conducted by Lorenzo Molajoli.

11.00 p.m. Close down.

SHORT WAVE

DAVENTRY

Wavelength

G.S.G. 17.795m. (16.85m)

G.S.B. 9.51m. (31.53m)

G.S.H. 21.47m. (31.97m)

G.S.O. 15.18m. (19.79m)

Trans. I (G.S.O., G.S.G., G.S.B.)

Trans. II (G.S.H., G.S.G., G.S.B.)

Trans. III (G.S.H., G.S.G., G.S.B.)

AUSTRALIA

Call Sign: VIB

Wave Length: 31.34 metres

Power: 1 Kilowatt

HOLLAND-INDIA

Call letters: PHL Wavelengths 15.82m. & 25.57m.; Frequencies 1770kcs. & 1773kcs

8.00—Broadcast to Schools—"Glimpses of English Literature." (A).

10.20—Wheat and Grain Report (A).

10.40—"At Home and Abroad." (A).

11.05—Luncheon Music (A).

11.30—Afternoon Musical Programme (A).

p.m. 1.00—"Pygmalion"—Part 11, by George Bernard Shaw (D1).

1.30—"Crazy Quilt" with the Crazy Quilt Orchestra (D1).

2.00—"At the Black Dog," Mr. Wilkes at home in his own barparlour (D1).

2.30—News (D1).

2.45—"Cards on the Table." (D1).

3.00—Pianoforte Recital by Kendall Taylor (D1).

3.15—Sports News and Market Notes (D1).

3.30—Young People's Session (A).

5.25—Commentary On News (A).

5.40—"Engineering in the News," Talk by Mr. N. M. Goddard (A).

6.45—Programme by the Brisbane Studio Orchestra (A).

7.15—Dance Music by Jack White and his Collegians (D2); Variety Programme (A).

8.00—"Our Miss Gibbs," The B.B.C. Theatre Chorus and Orchestra (D2).

8.20—Programme by the Sydney Trio (A).

8.50—Jim Davidson's A.B.C. Dance Band (A).

9.00—Recorded Music (A).

9.15—News (D2).

9.20—Summary of the day's news (A).

9.30—"More Food for Thought." (D2).

9.45—Sports News and Market Notes (D2).

10.30—"The Finest Stories in the World." (D3).

11.00—"Eight Bells" with the B.B.C. Male-Voice Chorus (D3).

12.00—News (D3).

12.15—"Cards on the Table." (D3).

12.30—"The Holidars"—well-known Dutch accordion duettists (D3).

12.55—Sports News and Market Notes (D3).

SECRET RADIO STATIONS

CHUNGKING, July 27 (Central).

—Complying with the request of the Japanese authorities police of the French Concession made a search for secret radio stations yesterday, according to a Shanghai report.

No discovery was made. It is learned that the search will be continued.

UNCLAIMED

TELEGRAMS

The following is a list of unclaimed telegrams lying at Cable & Wireless Ltd., Hongkong Branch:

Camox, from Sydney.

Agnes McCaffrey Coupon, from Perth, P.O.W.A.

Kanco, from Haiphong.

Yasumoto c/o Winifred Company, China Bldg., from Shanghai.

Nolasco Betsam, from Macao.

Huber Frank, Hoebeck Co., from Shanghai.

The Great Northern Telegraph Company (Limited) advises that the following unclaimed telegrams are lying at their offices:—

4654, 0618, 0051, from Shanghai; Yasumoto, Matsubara Hotel, from Osaka.

THE SERVICES

ROYAL NAVY

CRUISER LAUNCHED

Lady Caird, the wife of Sir James Caird, the shipowner, performed the naming ceremony at a luncheon at Birkenhead of H.M.S. Dido, name-ship of a new class of 8,400-ton cruisers and the sixth of the class to go afloat. COMMAND OF THE PROTECTOR. Captain the Hon. G. H. E. Russell, Assistant Director of Plans, has been appointed to command the newlayer Protector when she recommissions this month, after red at Devonport for further service in the Mediterranean.

H.M.S. RENOWN

The battle-cruiser Renown is now undergoing trials from Portsmouth after her reconstruction, which has occupied nearly three years and cost over £3,000,000, or nearly as much as the original expenditure on the ship when she was built in 1915-16.

Captain C. E. B. Simeon, formerly Director of Naval Ordnance, assumed command of the Renown in May. She should be ready to rejoin the Battle-Cruiser Squadron in the early autumn.

FLEET MEDICAL OFFICER

Surgeon Captain C. E. Gresson, promoted in the midsummer list, is appointed to H.M.S. Warspite for duty as Fleet Medical Officer on the Mediterranean Station in succession to Surgeon Captain E. Moxon-Browne.

NAVAL APPOINTMENTS

The following appointments are made by the Admiralty:—

Payr. Capt.—H. Rogers, O.B.E., to Drake (July 19).

Cdr. (E.)—D. Ford, to Adventure (July 20); F. H. Lee to Curlew (July 18).

Engr. Cdr.—G. L. MacLennan, to President as Eng. Officer at Messrs. Parsons, Walsen, and at Messrs. Swan Hunter (July 17).

Surgn. Cdr.—W. P. E. McIntyre, M.D., B.Cch., to President for Naval Med. Sch., R.N. Coll., Greenwich (July 21); T. P. Barlow, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., to Pembroke for R.N.B. Chatham (July 31); and to Curlew (on commg.); T. S. Osborne, L.R.C.P., and S. to Drake for R.N.B. Devonport (July 31); E. H. Rampling, L.M.S.A., to Caledon (July 29); J. C. Brown, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., to Courageous (July 28).

Lt.-Cdr.—E. S. Felton, to Dolphin (July 25); H. L. Jenkins, to Revenge (July 27); C. J. Wynne-Edwards, to Edinburgh (July 17); R. P. Mack, to Dryad (July 18); S. J. Hennessey, to President for service in Hydr. Dept. (July 8); and to Comoro (undated) (appt. to Endeavour cancelled).

Surgn. Lt.-Cdr.—G. S. Thom, Ch.B., to President for R.N. and R.M. Recruiting Hdqrs. (July 27); J. M. Reese, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H., to Dauntless (July 25); P. B. Jackson, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., to President for crse (July 28).

Chaplain.—The Rev. H. W. Brierley, M.A., to Hawking (July 28); the Rev. S. M. Epps, M.A., to Nelson (July 28).

Lt.—A. S. Kennard, to Daedalus for crse (July 31); and Glasgow (on recomng.); P. E. Ward, to Titania (July 19); P. J. Cowell, to L 27 in cmd. (July 24); C. B. Crouch, to Swordfish in cmd. (July 24); H. A. V. Haggard, to St. Angelo (July 24); and Salma in cmd. (undated); C. H. S. Hayward, to Sterlet in cmd. (Aug. 1); F. J. Brooks, to L 23 in cmd. (July 24); E. F. Baiston, to Dwarf (July 24); H. F. Fawcett, to L 23 (July 23); A. M. Hutchinson, to Dolphin (July 24); A. R. L. Butler, to Protector (July 28).

Lt. (A.)—H. F. Bromwich, to Barham (undated).

Surgn. Lt.—J. P. Corcoran, M.B., B.Ch., to Cockchafer; E. M. Cochran, M.B., B.Ch., to Cleats; C. J. W. Towers, M.B., Ch.B., to Sandwich; and J. A. McLaren, M.B., Ch.B., to Pembroke for R.N.B. Chatham (all July 24); R. W. Duncan, M.B., B.Ch., to Tarantula (undated); E. W. Donald, B.Ch., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., to Challenger (on commg.); L. M. A. Drysdale, M.B., Ch.B., to Herald (on commg.).

Payr. Lt.—H. J. Barnard, to Impregnable (July 28); N. G. M. Holland, to Edinburgh (July 19); G. H. Stanning, to Hardy (July 24); B. H. Dunn, to York (July 29); W. H. Heathcote, to Southampton (July 29); A. L. Pearson, to Penelope (July 24).

Sub-Lt.—D. E. Mackay, appt. to Endeavour cancelled; T. F. P. Page, to Sereward (July 29).

Payr. Sub-Lt.—R. A. H. Cox, to Durban (July 24).

Payr. Midn.—A. K. Pallot, to Penelope (July 17).

Schmistr. (C.W.O.)—W. G. N. Herley, appt. to Barham cancelled.

Cd. S.O.—G. J. Deacon, to Drake (July 28).

Wt. Engr.—A. L. Garner, to Glasgow (July 17).

ROYAL AIR FORCE

DIRECTOR OF MANNING

The Air Ministry announces that Group Captain J. W. Cordingley, C.B.E., is to assume the duties of Director of Manning, Air Ministry, with effect from July 17.

PASSING-OUT INSPECTIONS

Air Marshal Sir Christopher Courtney, K.C.B., C.B.E., D.F.C., Air Officer Commanding Reserve Command, conducted the passing-out inspection of apprentices of the School of Technical Training, Halton, on Tuesday, July 25.

Air Vice-Marshal P. H. I. Playfair, C.B., C.V.O., M.C., Air Officer Commanding No. 1 Group, Abingdon, will conduct the passing-out inspection of cadets of the R.A.F. College, Cranwell, on Thursday, July 27.

THE ARMY

PROMOTIONS OF ARMY OFFICERS

The results are announced of the examination of officers with a view to promotion in the Regular Army, Royal Marines, Territorial Army, and Indian Army, which was held at home

WIMBLEDON CHAMPION DEFEATED

U.S. TENNIS SURPRISE

NEW YORK, July 22 (T/Ocean)—The greatest surprise was caused on Wednesday when the American Wimbledon Champion, Bobby Riggs, and Ellsworth Cook, Wimbledon finalist and the Champion the Men's Doubles, were defeated in a tournament at the sea resort in New Jersey, which was arranged to select the U.S. team for the Davis Cup Competition.

Bobby Riggs was beaten 4:6:3:7 by Frank Guernsey, a youth from Florida, who has never been heard of so far.

Ellsworth Cook was defeated equally easily by 17-year-old Jack Kramer, 3:6:4:6.

No Reliability

The defeat of the two Wimbledon champions makes a formation of a Davis Cup Team even more difficult. Since the time of Donald Budge, it has been felt that the U.S. players, though good, quite often have always lacked reliability so far as their performances were concerned.

This criticism is now confirmed by the case of the two Wimbledon

champions who were beaten by unknown youths in the first tournament, practically, for which they entered since their turn from England.

STEAM TRAWLERS FOR THE NAVY

LONDON, July 27 (Reuter)—Following the announcement in the House of Commons that the Admiralty is purchasing about eighty steam trawlers from Hull and Grimsby for conversion for naval use, it is learnt that the Admiralty intend to make a special effort to have the trawlers in full commission by October and that they will be equipped with the latest submarine detection devices.

TRANS-ATLANTIC AIR SERVICES

LONDON, July 27 (Reuter)—The Postmaster General announced that as from August 5, the weekly British Trans-Atlantic Air Service will be introduced. The route will be Southampton, Boston, Montreal and New York.

There will then be two direct weekly air mail services to North America—one British and the other American.

NEW DIPLOMATIC APPOINTMENT

LONDON, July 27 (BWS)—H.M. The King has been pleased to approve the appointment of Mr. Charles Howard Smith, Assistant Under-Secretary of State in the Foreign Office, to be His Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary at Copenhagen, in succession to Sir Patrick Ramsay, who is retiring in autumn.

stations in March last. In all 268 candidates were successful, including one major, 124 captains, 140 lieutenants, and one second lieutenant.

The successful candidates included:

R. Artillery—Capt. R. D. Neville, G. E. Cave, O. E. S. P. Gausson, B. G. Wells, B. Finney, T. W. R. Hill, R. J. Kirtan, A. T. Edgington, A. W. Hazlerigg, E. H. Walter, K. S. Smith, G. L. S. James, G. B. Thatcher, R. Burton, J. Y. G. Sharpe, N. J. M. Stevenson, F. J. P. Graham, A. J. W. Geddes, G. D. H. Flowerdew, Lieut. J. T. Marsh, A. G. Hawkins, F. P. Smith, W. A. N. Wilson, R. M. S. Harley, C. H. A. Oliverier, and P. W. G. Pope.

R. Artillery—Lieut. W. D. E. Brown, G. H. Ward-Jackson, N. P. Hensage, J. E. L. Furney, J. M. G. McCausland, G. P. Gardner-Brown, H. A. C. Dundas, R. J. Chandler, F. R. Webster, T. A. Mead, D. de M. Carey, J. Fairclough, P. R. F. Palmer, W. F. Cubitt, R. A. Wiskin, and A. H. G. Barton.

R. Engineers—Capt. E. S. Francis, P. J. L. Drew, M. du B. Plover, R. A. Conley, G. A. W. Pegler, L. T. G. Ricketts, H. J. Pocock, L. G. Beach, S. R. G. Scott, O. J. R. Ott, J. A. Hasler, Lieut. D. O. Cameron, L. A. Thorpe, E. A. Sykes, J. M. Grimth, W. M. Coffey, R. J. T. Bruce, C. J. O. Bowen, R. H. Walker, R. L. France, I. L. Roney-Dougal, A. F. Coombe, J. H. Fyson, B. O. Reiss, E. F. Kye, R. M. S. Maude, and A. C. Cooper.

R. Corps of Signals—Capt. E. J. H. Moppett, A. J. G. McNair, and J. O. Hardy.

Middlesex Regt.—Lieut. E. J. Unwin, A. S. J. de S. Clayton, and C. E. A. Lane.

East Surrey Regt.—Lieut. R. G. D. Bruce.

Seaforth Highlanders—Capt. K. J. G. Garner-Smith and M. J. D. Drummond.

RACING MOTORIST BADLY BURNT

BOURNEVILLE SALT FLATS, July 27 (Reuter)—A. R. Jenkins, the American racing motorist, seriously burnt his right arm and leg when his car caught fire breaking four of his own world records for the 500 kilometres, 500 miles, and 1,000 kilometres and for three hours, respectively, at 177.11, 171.31, 172.3 and 171.41 miles an hour.

LAWN BOWLS LEAGUE

The following will represent the K.F.C. (at home) in the second and third divisions of the Lawn Bowls League on Saturday against the Police R.C. and Frison O.C. respectively.

Second division—C. Pile, B. Thomson, J. Gibson and W. Field (skip). W. Groves, A. Eastman, P. Youngusband and T. Ferguson (skip). B. Evans, W. Simpson, V. Atienza and V. Chittenden (skip).

Third division—W. Mills, C. Woodcock, A. Moss and J. Ross (skip). D. Izatt, S. Wong, W. Excell and V. Petherick (skip). G. Frost, P. McCarthy, R. Hughes and P. Morgan (skip).

League record held by five clubs of scoring in every innings.

Chicago 8 13 0

Boston 1 9 5

Battery: Detrich and Tresh.

Cleveland 9 17 1

U.S. BASEBALL RESULTS

NEW YORK, July 27 (Reuter)—The following are the results of games played yesterday in the Major League:—

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Philadelphia 1 9 1

Pittsburgh 3 7 0

Battery: Swift and Berres.



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CONFIDE IN FAITH
PRIOR

A WIFE IS HAVING difficulties with the table manners of her husband. There are no children, therefore, she finds it difficult to point out table manner errors. After listing a few of his actions with his food, she inquires how to break him of this personal habit?

Too bad you did not notice this particular trait before you married the man, but that is over! If he is the type who will "take advice from the shoulder," make your remarks in this regard some evening when he is in a good mood and the two of you are alone. If your husband wishes to "make the grade" with smart young people, he will not do so by taking soup from the tip of his spoon, but, better a whole piece of bread, etc. The table manners are a spotlight to home training. Check them up by all means.

The table napkin should be laid across the lap partly folded, only a small section should be used at the mouth. Soup from the side of the spoon, and the buttering of bread in small sections as you require. Unusual food—no awkward moments with avocado or mango halves served in the rim—these should be eaten with a spoon. Or boiled lobster with the claws should be tackled with an oyster fork rather than the fingers. Be very, very careful of table manners and eat the food slowly.

THE HOSTESS

STRANGER HAS BEEN living in Hongkong for several months. Her husband now requests that she entertain five dinner guests, this is the first large entertaining job she has tackled and she is in a dither. Exactly what are the necessities for a hostess? She has been married one year.

It would be a good idea for you to invest in a sound and reliable book of etiquette immediately. Now, look at the position of hostess "squarely! What would you do for intimate friends who call on you? Of course, you arrange the dinner menu, the table decorations, flowers in the living room and see that a bedroom is spotless with clean linen in the bathroom for the use of the women. I would suggest you invite another member to the affair then you would have an even number which is much better. You may wear a hostess gown, hostess pyjamas. The evening of the entertainment, you receive your guests, put aside their wraps. As it is a home gathering, you serve cocktails, see that your guests have cigarettes. Your servant announces dinner, your husband will lead the way to the dining room with the female guest of honour, the others follow with you in the rear. Dinner progresses and you retire to the living room, or the ladies to the bedroom for facial rejuvenation. The rest of the evening progresses with bridge, conversation, motor drive, hotel dancing, etc. At all times you must watch the comfort of your guests in their desires and their conversation, keep talk from becoming too personal, business-like, boring, or dangerous to individuals.

A hostess rarely has a good time at her own parties. But, above all, don't overdo it and make people feel uncomfortable.

ON "SPEC"?

BUSINESS GIRL has been employed in the Colony for three years, her work is highly technical and she feels that she can support herself through this particular channel of industry. Now, she desires to leave Hongkong and go to the United States or England, but what about a position?

No doubt you could support yourself through your knowledge. However, I suggest as in the past to other writers, do not leave your home unless you have a round trip ticket and a certain sum of money to depend on when you arrive in a foreign city. If such is the case, then pack your bags and start on your way. It would be a good idea to contact as many business firms in your line of work, and attempt to have references. In England this means a great deal, in America very little.

DEAR FAITH PRIOR: my husband and I were born in a poor district of England. We married two years ago, and last September we came to the Far East. The wife writes asking if she and her husband must remain in the class they are born? They have not in the past year. Is this only temporary? Can they climb into a superior grouping of people? Or would that too only last while they are away from their own country? Husband & Wife.

LARGE SUBJECT

Dear Husband & Wife: The subject of classes in this life has been challenged and discussed in thousands of spoken and written words. It is a large subject. However, hundreds of people, either go higher or lower than the sphere into which they were born. It is very possible that if you were born of a poor working class, that you may rise above the confines of your surroundings. Education, in every day life, arts, sciences, common sense, business, travel, politics, social, or a profession tends to develop the character. Study, experience and keeping your head at all times will certainly improve you as a whole person. It may take years but you can do it if you have the strength of character and are very wise. Be careful of your companions, your associates, your daily life, waste little time, but then do not neglect the art of graceful play. Do not let money or position turn your head and do not try to be something you cannot live up to. However, there is one trait you must watch which is common in hundreds of "self-made" people. It is the slight inferiority complex, be careful of it, be big enough in character to overcome this prevalent characteristic.

(Each week in this column FAITH PRIOR answers questions of a personal nature submitted by readers of the "Daily Press.")

Pick A Posy

Many men wear a daily boutonniere as a matter of course, but women, the decorative sex, frequently hesitate to wear flowers except on definite occasions, and then as a corsage or in their hair.

It isn't that the sexes are confusing their roles, but women are passing up a daily opportunity for attractive ornamentation and can learn a lesson from the allegedly conventional male. The woman doesn't exist who doesn't delight in flowers and respond to wearing them. But fear of looking overdressed or conspicuous makes a great many women timid about wearing them.

Are you one of those possessed of the "Idee fixe" that you just don't wear flowers unless a man gives them to you? It is a nice sentiment but it works out in practice only for the first few months of a romance!

DULL CONVENTIONS

Don't be smothered by dull conventions. If your spirits become more gay and your step more sprightly when you sport a boutonniere, or if you feel your soul soften when you pin on a camellia, don't be a sissy. Wear them by all means, even if you're not going any place more adventurous than to the dentist with Junior. Get the idea that flowers are party accessories, out of your head. Wear them every day, at any time of day.

But be discreet. Select your flowers for the costume and time of day. For instance Orchids are not for day street wear; it is like drinking champagne with fried eggs and bacon. Flower for every day should be casual, whenever they strike your fancy or express your mood or complement your frock. And at all times give a thought to the texture of the material and the colour of your costume.

THREE POINTS

The following comparison will help you to judge the three points of flower selection at all times: flowers, costume and the occasion.

1. The Party, butterfly orchids.
2. "Dressy" event, fragile and romantic, dark red Chiffon roses and violets.
3. Day occasion informal, a cabbage rose.
4. For a hostess, Finch rose, or violets.
5. For the jaunty suit, Harvard red carnations.
6. Sophisticated dinner, a bright red antherium with yellow prongs.
7. The tweedy clothes, bronze ranunculus, yellow acacia and rose geranium leaves.

And of course if you are the type "white violets" will make every woman on the street envy you!

LIPSTICK!

The season for debutantes is on in London. The majority of these budding young ladies are selecting white for their presentations. And, careful thought is being given to the make-up for the white costumes. Beauticians are agreed that rouge and particularly lipstick to go with these dresses must be of a red that carries a hint of scarlet; which is to say that it must have slightly yellow tones. Blue or mauve shades, such as cyclamen, are found to be too cold and unbecoming.

Since many of the smartest evening frocks for summer are white too, this advice applies to said costumes.

And ladies take heed! Don't apply lipstick too thickly. It will make your mouth look hard and puts you out of the present stylish, youthful fashion picture.

The easiest way of getting a soft effect is to apply a cream, lightly, first, then put on the red lipstick by lip compression. After the process blot the mouth with tissue to remove surplus oil.

Another note of warning—Be sure your nail enamel matches or blends with your lipstick. To be sure place five of your fingers on your chin right under the lower lip and stare in your mirror. The colours will be pleasing satisfactory or you will shrink with horror at the contrast!

YOUR HAT IS IN STYLE IF YOU JUST KNOW HOW TO LOOK FOR IT

UP TILL A FEW YEARS AGO, BUYING A HAT was a simple matter of elimination. You knew whether you wanted a sport hat or a dressy one, you had a vague idea about colour, and then you tried on every hat in stock. Your chances of looking well in any of them were just as good as the next customer. Certainly your coiffure played little part in determining your choice, hair dressing was much in the same styles per head.

Then along came "coiffure" of your head or you'll look as though you have been scalped. For this very reason you can go to extremes and wear exaggerated hats. The bumper sailor with a high crown is a good example.

Remember however, your hat is in style if you just know how to look for it. Maybe the following suggestions will help you in your autumn and winter millinery shopping.

Your new hat can be as classic in style or as cockeyed as you like but, for symmetry of line and pleasing harmony with your hair, it ought to follow these general groupings

SHORT BOB:

If you wear your hair cut short so that only half of the ear shows, a small hat is most becoming. Because your head line is trim and your hair is back from your face you can wear those wonderful little things that tilt way forward.

Or you can push the short ends of your hair forward, for softness around your cheeks and wear an off-the-face hat. But remember, a large hat may make you look all hat and no hair. The suggestion for flattery is a turbanlike hat that is all made of veiling for dress, or for severe smartness a rough straw with a bunch of flowers resting in its conical crown and brim turns up high in back.

UP-HAIR

If you wear your hair up, there is a resemblance of line in your hair to the short bob, and again the small hat tipped down in front will look best. Remember that your hats should never cover the back of your coiffure!

THE AUTUMN FASHIONS:

"BUSTLE" AND "RUSTLE"

It is a bit early to turn to the inspection of the coming autumn styles. However, the clothing buyers and designers are having their previews and selecting models which will be previewed in August. And this is what they report.

We're to "bustle" and "rustle" right into the fall fashion picture, but we're not to lose one iota of glamour in the procession, for there'll be ostrich laden bonnets to lend allure and quaint little hair-do's with puffs and ribbons.

That we're to present a picture of queenly, elegant, wasp-waisted, swan-necked, straight-backed type of beauty of grandmother's day, is the edict! And you will love it!

The idea is such an "about face" and requires impeccably good grooming stressing "regal posture" which was as dear to the 1880 glamour queen as her corollion favours, and which will become an essential of chic this autumn.

PROUD OF PLUMAGE

There will be none of the usual casualness, for you'll be as proud of your plumage as the vain peacock. You will strut your bustle and there will be the swish of be-ruffled taffeta petticoats beneath black banglaine.

One of the charming advanced dresses is one which will be extremely popular. The lady will revel in the wide girdle that swatches her hips in crushed fabric and ends at the back over-skirt fullness, in lap-over effect stimulating the exciting bustle. The style is predicted to be a lead in the fashion parade.

Another ultra-new style has the aura of the "merry widow" about it, sleek-looking black, pliable crepe. The skirt is fashioned in tiers or the soft material, double-thickness for added weight, which gives a tubular effect. The moderately full bodice has an alluring neckline in a V which is emphasized with a single exotic flower of exquisite detail. The short draped sleeves are unusually flattering.

It is reported that black, cinnamon brown and cyclamen red will be winning colours for early fall.



IDA LUPINO, Columbia Motion Picture Studio's contract actress models a dressy, shirt-maker silk frock of cyclamen tones. The costume hat with yards of veiling highlight the outfit which is correct for late morning and afternoon.

SPECIAL VALUE SLACKS—\$15.

ALL SIZES

BARGAINS IN

ALL DEPARTMENTS.



LADIES' SALON

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ROUND THE SHOPS

Ladies of Hongkong - It's your opportunity now to save as much as you spend! Practically every specialty shop in the city has the "Sale Sign" out, and they really mean it in the reduction of summer merchandise.

Within several weeks it will still continue to be warm in climate, but the shops will be previewing the fall season millinery and wearing apparel. Your opportunity for purchasing late holiday styles will be almost nil, and too, you may not find a bargain.

VALUES ON SALE

LANE, CRAWFORD has the values and they are on sale! The summer's annual sale is now in progress, accessories to wearing apparel are reduced to clear. Gloves, all sizes and colours. Shoes, various sizes and styles. Underwear and corsets, girdles and brassieres reduced to bargain prices.

Several particular outstanding values are slacks in navy blue, all sizes, selling at \$15. And hats, dressy, sports, semi-tailored, and daytime styles are selling from \$5.50 upward. Straws, rough and fine, a few felts, ribbon models in various sizes are included.

Swimming "gear" suits, capes, caps, and bathing shoes have been reduced and you will find the selection is good.

Frocks of all types and summer styles are on sale. The morning dresses in cotton, semi-sport frocks for afternoon, as well as formal styles. And the evening gowns have taken a worthwhile reduction. There are many colours, and creations offering a wide selection. However, a word of warning, don't wait too long before you investigate this sale because the size range is limited in many departments.

REDUCED TO HALF

MAYOS in the Arcade is in the "sale business" too! All summer's millinery and ready-to-wear has been reduced to half the selling prices of two weeks ago.

"White is right" for this summer, and there are several more months to go of this summer climate in Hongkong. Therefore, a new white chapeau at half the original price should be tempting.

The millinery sale includes models large and small, with brims and without, and a wide selection of styles. The salons, doll-hats, sport and semi-sport creations in various types of straw. The trimmings vary, veils, ribbon, flowers, pins, quills compliment the individual styles.

Dresses for all occasions are also reduced to half price. Little cotton frocks bright with colour and demure in trim have been reduced down to \$7.50. Spectator sport dresses for morning or afternoon are on sale, and a small selection of dressier models for afternoon. The evening gown selection has been slashed and maybe here you can find a bargain to fill in your wardrobe for August and September parties. Do you ever have too many evening frocks? Not one lady in a hundred dare say yes-so here is your opportunity to find a bargain and save toward the new and exotic winter evening costume!

SALE 'TILL MONDAY

Don't say that you were not warned—RIVELLE, in the Arcade, will continue to offer a "half-price" sale until Monday. All summer's merchandise, apparel and costume accessories, have been slashed to almost their cost prices to clear. However, the bargain is the new group of merchandise just received from America which due to the late arrival date must be included in this annual summer sale.

Little girls and big girls will find attractive morning dresses in colourful cottons tailored on summer's fashion designs. The play costumes for "grown-ups" are a good value. Slacks, two and three piece, play suits, drindis, shorts and shirts are all reduced to clear.

Hats in various grades of straw are on sale from \$5 up. The shapes and sizes vary, the colour range is wide.

Informal and formal afternoon dresses are included in the reductions. Chiffons and acetates in bright colours tailored in individual attractive styles will be extra values to the shopper in the present weather. Too, these garments, maybe worn far into the autumn.

The group of summer evening frocks are each a distinct creation of charm and fashion. Many of you who are bound on late vacations will welcome the opportunity of the value and saving. You can just about purchase two evening frocks for the regular price of one in this sale.

While you investigate the bargains in this shop do not forget to investigate the "sale price" of collars and cuffs in sets, gloves, bags, jewellery, gadgets, artificial flowers, and the tailored blouses of which only a few are left. Too, the children's frocks for morning and afternoon are their own bargains in value for the low price during this clearance.

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Fertiliser—Farm Implements—Animals

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THE GOOD EARTH

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C/o Wong Tan & Co.,
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All contributions in kind to:

Hon. Secretary: Mr. K. S. Lo
C/o Eu Tong Sen Ltd.,
109, Queen's Road,
Hong Kong.

Tel. 21988.

WOMEN'S PAGE

SENSATIONAL HUNGARIAN BOOK: WHY HAS IT NOT BEEN BANNED?

LONDON, July 16 (By Air Mail)—One of the minor mysteries of affairs in Central Europe is why the Hungarian Government have not at once suppressed the sensational book exposing German war plans that has been written by Dr. Ivan Lajos, a Hungarian professor in the Hungarian University of Pecs. He is not a Jew.

It is the rage of Budapest. The publisher of it brings out a fresh edition every day and cannot get enough copies. At the end of the day one can scour the bookshops of the city without securing a copy.

Secret Information

In the cafes the one big question is "Why don't they stop it?" Nobody appears to know. The only straightforward explanation is that the Government is only too ready to let their public know the truth about Germany.

The book, whose title can be translated as "Germany's Chances in War: As Mirrored in German Official Literature," deals with Germany's chances of winning a war, and, out of the mouths of German leaders, industrialists, soldiers and bankers, shows that they have not a ghost of a chance of winning even the much-expected lightning war. Most of the information and statements are from sources that are virtually hidden and secret.

One chapter gives in full the speech that Dr. Rudolf Brinkmann, vice-president of the Reichsbank before he was suddenly overtaken by a "brainstorm" and removed, made to Cologne industrialists last February. He warned them that in materials, capital and labour the country was at the end of its resources.

Other chapters deal with the food situation, the impossibility of getting enough oil for war, and

official doubts about the attitude of Germany's population during war.

FRIDAY'S MENU

BREAKFAST

Tomato Juice
Cereal
Pancakes
Syrup
Coffee

LUNCHEON

Omelette Soup
Tuna Fish Salad
Vegetable Plate
Poached Eggs
Corn Bread
French Pastry
Tea

DINNER

Fruit Cocktail
Beef Salad
Grilled Fish Steaks
Scalloped Potatoes
Asparagus
Baked Summer Squash
Tartar Sauce
Ice Cream & Cup Cakes
Coffee

CATHEDRAL WEDDING

MR. A. A. BREMNER & MISS THOMSON

JUPITER FLUVIUS held the rainclouds together yesterday afternoon long enough to permit of a bride's entry into St. John's Cathedral, and long enough again to permit of the bridal party coming out to face a barrage of photographers.

For St. John's Cathedral yesterday was the scene of a wedding. Miss Monica Sady Thomson being the bride and Mr. Alexander Andrew Bremner the groom. The Rev. J. E. Higgs, Vicar of St. Andrew's Church, officiated.

The bride was a picture of charm in pale pink tulle, and she carried a bouquet of pale pink rosebuds to match. The bridesmaid was Miss Olive Jeffrey who was in lilac tulle and pressure hat. Her bouquet was in pale pink and mauve. The Matron of Honour, Mrs. Ritchie, was in cyclamen.

Mr. A. Ritchie gave away the bride. Mr. John Moodie was best man and the ushers were Mr. P. C. Jackson and Mr. T. Swan.

A reception was held later in the Ladies' Lounge of the Hongkong Club. The honeymoon will be spent at Fanling.

GUINEA PIGS ASSIST PICKPOCKETS

Even detectives have never finished learning and a new modus operandi of pickpockets will probably be circulated to all Shanghai Police Stations.

Central detectives received a report that a number of pedestrians had their pockets picked as they were chasing two guinea pigs that were racing down a side-walk in the Central district.

Men on duty were asked to keep a look out for guinea pigs running about the Settlement and particularly about the demeanour of the chasers.

An alert officer saw a couple of guinea pigs running down a highway and arrested two men, one who let the animals loose and the other who benefitted by the occasion in going through the pockets of excited standers-by.

Miss Elisabeth Bergner, the film actress, opened the exhibition of an Imperial Chinese scroll at Spinks, King-street, St. James's, at the private view. The public admission charge of 2s 6d was devoted to the maternity ward of the Royal Northern Hospital.

NEWSETTES

The Portuguese sloop, *Jose de Lisboa*, arrived from Macao yesterday.

Gen. Li Lieh-chun, a member of the Central Government, arrived in Kunming, Yunnan, on July 22, to recuperate his health.

Major J. T. Ford, former Treasurer and Controller of the Shanghai Municipal Council's Finance Department, arrived at Southampton on July 21.

Brigadier A. B. Thomson, M.B.E., Assistant Adjutant and Quarter-master-General of the China Command, returns from leave to-day in the *Empress of Canada*.

The Rev. Alex. Baxter, Council Secretary of the London Missionary Society, and Mrs. Baxter, at present at Home on furlough, are expected to return to Shanghai on November 17.

Miss Ida Pruitt, of the Chinese Industrial Co-operatives, is leaving for America on the *Pres. Coolidge* on July 30 to raise funds for the co-operatives. She expects to return after six months.

Tsinnyang city, in north Honan, near the Shansi border, which is now under Japanese occupation, is partially inundated, the cause for this being breaches in the dyke along the Wangku River.

The forthcoming marriage is announced of Mr. Leong But-tan, merchant of No. 6, Chuk Sit Ching Street, Macao, and Miss Tam Ching-ngai, of No. 8, Mosque Street, first floor.

Mirza Hassan Khan Farmud, 46, merchant, native of Persia, was cautioned by Mr. T. J. Houston, at the Central Court yesterday, for entering the harbour without a valid passport on July 25.

A full course of A. R. P. Lectures will be given at Volunteer Headquarters, Garden Road, Hongkong, on Tuesdays and Thursdays from 9 a.m. to 10 a.m., commencing on August 1, 1939. Lecturer, Mrs. R. P. Dunlop.

The American Consulate General at Shanghai will appreciate the receipt of information as to the present whereabouts of Mr. Frank O. Roberts, who is reported to have been in the shipping business in Shanghai in 1913.

It is learned from the People's Foreign Relations Council in Chungking that overseas Chinese in Burma have decided to raise funds to purchase four military planes to replenish China's Air Force. The fund raising campaign is now in full swing.

A Foreign Merchants Association has been organised by 21 foreign concerns in Kunming with the manager of the Jardine, Matheson and Company as chairman.

An order was issued by the Chinese National Government in Chungking on July 22 to the effect that the law governing the punishment of persons found guilty of circulating rumours or conducting activities that are deemed injurious to the country's currency position, be extended for another two years.

Gen. Li Fook-lum, Member of the Central Executive Committee of the Kuomintang, returned to Hongkong by the China Clipper on Wednesday, after a four-week tour in the Philippines. He revealed in an interview that the Chinese residents in the Philippines are continuing their monthly patriotic contributions to their mother country.

Dr. H. H. Kung, President of the Executive Yuan and concurrently Minister of Finance, has sent a wire acknowledging the receipt of a sum of over \$700,000 from the refugee relief committee organized by overseas Chinese in Bangkok, Siam. The amount had been remitted through Mr. Chen Shou-ming, the chairman of the committee.

Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, Executive General of the Kuomintang, has issued instructions to the Chinese authorities at the various fronts, ordering that Chinese troops be detailed to assist farmers in the war zones in harvesting. Every effort is to be made to bring about closer co-operation between the troops and local farmers.

The Central Political University will enrol only a total of 350 students for the next term who wish to study journalism, geology and accountancy, but will not admit students who are taking up other courses. This shift in the policy of the university is said to be due to a desire to train more students who will better serve the Chinese Government under present national needs.

Japanese rayon is losing ground in the Philippines and possibly Japan will lose entirely her position maintained since 1930 as the principal source of rayon goods there, a survey by the Institute of Pacific Relations reveals. The trend in rayon trade is similar to that of cotton piece goods, the survey said. Last year Japan lost her predominant position as a supplier of cotton goods to the Philippines.

Marlene Sings And Dances In The Street

LONDON, July 15 (By Air Mail)—Paris pushed aside its worries about war and dictators tonight and danced through a July 14 "night" such as it has not known since pre-war times.

Troops from the Maginot Line on leave, Foreign Legionnaires, British guardsmen and sailors, and tourists in flannels and sports coats crowded round the stands of the open-air orchestras that were set up in the side streets outside cafes.

People Danced

This is certainly one holiday that Hitler has not spoiled. The people danced everything from Viennese waltzes to "swing" to the music of accordions and violins.

From a lorry in the Place de l'Opera, which was packed black with people, Marlene Dietrich sang some of the songs that made her famous in "The Blue Angel," and then set up a roar as she came down and danced with a Foreign Legionary.

Maurice Chevalier

In the modest Paris suburb of Montmartre, where he was born and where as a boy he earned his living by selling newspapers, Maurice Chevalier, his straw hat cocked on the side of his head, sang to other huge crowds.

HE GOT HIS 5S. WORTH

Oh! Mr. Pilos

Whatever shall I do?

I wanted a flip at Birmingham. But I queued up in the wrong queue.

Mr. Nicholas, of Small Heath, Birmingham, went to Birmingham airport on July 8, and stood in the queue to take a 5s. flight in an air liner.

He got his ticket, got into another queue and then into a plane. He went up, and was up for so long that he thought he was having a remarkably full 5s. worth.

At last he inquired why the flight was so long. He was then told that he was on his way to Weston-super-Mare. He had got into the wrong plane, one taking a party of councillors and others.

At Weston he was put up at an hotel for the night, and the air company flew him back to Birmingham. For his 5s. he had had 47s. worth of air travel as well as hotel accommodation.

REFUGEE DOCTORS JOINING CHINESE RED CROSS

LONDON, July 27 (Reuter)

Lord and Lady Horder welcomed the guests at a reception in honour of refugee doctors who are joining the Chinese Red Cross. The Chinese Ambassador, Mr. Quo Tai-chi, was also present.

Lord Horder declared that the doctors were ready to face the dangers and hardships of service in China, but were unable to proceed owing to the lack of equipment for which he strongly appealed.



LIGHTWEIGHT PYJAMAS

AT

LIGHTWEIGHT PRICES

AN ELEGANT SELECTION OF MODERNISTIC DESIGNS ARE NOW AVAILABLE IN OUR LATEST ARRIVALS OF SUMMER WEIGHT PYJAMAS FOR MEN—MADE FROM FINE COTTON FABRICS AND DESIGNED SO TO GIVE THE MAXIMUM OF NIGHTWEAR COMFORT

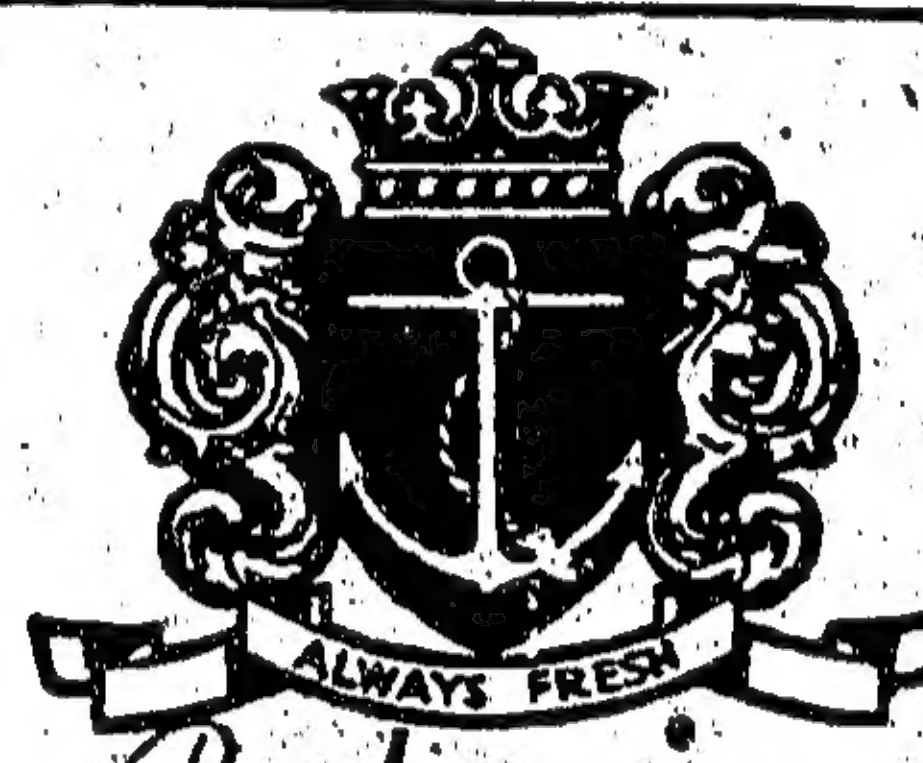
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Per Set **10.75** Per Set

SPECIALISTS IN MEN'S WEAR

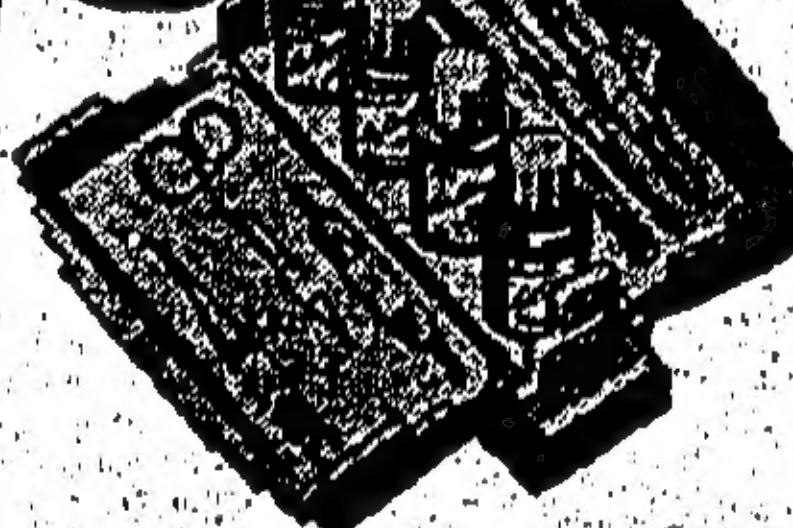
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10, ICE HOUSE STREET.



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Men never can resist the appeal of soft, lovely hands with rosy-tipped fingers. So take your future in your hands. accent your personality with different shades of La Cron Creme Nail Polish—THE PRESTIGE POLISH THAT LOOKS BETTER AND LAST LONGER.



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CREME NAIL POLISH



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UNRIVALLED BATHING FACILITIES

CABINES DE LUXE

(providing accommodation for 12 persons)

Sundays & Holidays ... \$10.00 per day maximum

Other days ... \$5.00 per day maximum

Prepaid Reservations for Sundays and Holidays effective at the Hongkong or Peninsula Hotel Reception Office.

PRIVATE COMPARTMENTS (maximum accommodation for 2 adults & 2 children)

\$1.00 per day

RESTAURANT

and

BAR BASQUE

RESERVATIONS PHONE 31221 "LIDO"



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ON A PERFECT DANCE FLOOR

— IN THE —

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EXTENSION

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to Sundays

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By J. MILLAR WATT



NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

THE "STAR" FERRY CO., LTD.

NOTICE to SHAREHOLDERS

NOTICE is hereby given that an Interim Dividend of \$2.00 per Share has been declared, for the half year ended 30th June, 1939, payable on THURSDAY, 17th AUGUST, 1939, on which date Dividend Warrants may be obtained on application at the Office of the Company, Kowloon.

The Register of Shares of the Company will be closed from TUESDAY, 8th AUGUST to THURSDAY, 17th AUGUST, 1939, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

C. M. MANNERS,
Secretary & Manager.

Hong Kong, 27th July, 1939.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONG KONG

PROBATE JURISDICTION

IN THE GOODS OF SYDNEY BOULTON late of The Talkoo Dockyard and Engineering Company, Ltd. Quarry Bay in the Colony of Hong Kong, Watchman deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Court has by virtue of the provisions of Section 58 of Ordinance No. 2, of 1897 made an order limiting the time for creditors and others to send in their claims against the above estate to 23rd August, 1939.

All Creditors and others are accordingly hereby required to send their claims to the undersigned on or before that date.

DEACONS,

Solicitors for the Administratrix with the Will annexed of the estate of the above named deceased.

1, Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong.

582

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on Monday, the 31st day of July, 1939, at 3 p.m., at the Offices of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor of one Lot of Crown Land at Lai Chi Kok, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 24 years less the last three days thereof.

Intending bidders are advised that immediately after the disposal of the lot the Purchaser (if not the applicant) will be required to deposit with an authorised officer who will be present at the sale, the sum of two hundred dollars, (\$200) in cash. This sum will be refunded on payment of the Purchase price.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT

No. of Sale	Registry No.	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Contents in Square feet	Annual Rental	Upset Price
1	1087	Adjoining Inland Lot No. 1088, on the West side of the New Road, Chung.	As per sale plan.	About 5,000	88	7,950

575

What do you want?

If there is anything you want to buy or sell, try a small Classified advertisement in the Hong Kong Daily Press.

25 words \$1.00 prepaid for 3 insertions.

573

ADVERTISEMENTS

PUBLIC AUCTION

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on Monday, the 31st day of July, 1939, at 3 p.m., at the Offices of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor of two Lots of Crown Land at Cheung Sha Wan, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, commencing from 1st July, 1898, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 24 years less the last three days thereof.

Intending bidders are advised that immediately after the disposal of the lot the Purchaser (if not the applicant) will be required to deposit with an authorised officer who will be present at the sale, the sum of two hundred dollars, (\$200) in cash. This sum will be refunded on payment of the Purchase price.

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575

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25 words \$1.00 prepaid for 3 insertions.

573

ADVERTISEMENTS

HONG KONG TRAMWAYS LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an INTERIM DIVIDEND of Fifty (50) cents per Share has been declared payable on FRIDAY, 18th AUGUST next, on and after which date Dividend Warrants may be obtained upon application at the Registered Office of the Company, Canal Road East, Hong Kong.

NOTICE IS HEREBY ALSO GIVEN that the REGISTER of MEMBERS of the Company will be closed from FRIDAY, 4th AUGUST, to FRIDAY, 18th AUGUST, 1939, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,

W. F. SIMMONS,
Secretary & Assistant Manager.

Hong Kong, 26th July, 1939.

HONG KONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Certificates Nos. NS.928 and NS.929 dated Hong Kong, 9th October 1894, for 50 shares numbered 3270/3279, 56190/56199, 20300/20304, 20345/20309, 66258/66265, 69642/69643, and 52016/52025, Certificates Nos. NS.2249, NS.2250 and NS.2251 dated Hong Kong, 10th November 1897, for 75 shares numbered 51251/51262, 11851/51863, 24471/24473, 16097/16101, 36987/36101, 15974/15975, 39071/39075, 33649/33653, 2016/2021, 34096/34099, and 53746/53750, Certificate No. 5/NS.304 dated Hong Kong, 7th July, 1908, for 62 shares numbered 89265/89326, Certificate No. 5/NS.2374 dated Hong Kong, 13th November 1912, for 20 shares numbered 91879/91898, Certificate No. 5/NS.2377 dated Hong Kong, 16th November, 1912, for 9 shares numbered 13558/13560, 65164/65165, 76695 and 62879, and Certificate Provisional No. 57/657 dated Hong Kong, 20th February, 1922, for 72 shares numbered 128802/128873, all registered in the name of Rafael Perez, have been LOST or STOLEN, and should these certificates not be produced to the Bank before the 26th August 1939, new certificates for the 288 shares and the aforesaid, Certificates Nos. NS.928, NS.929, NS.2249, NS.2250, NS.2251, 5/NS.304 5/NS.2374, 5/NS.2377, and Provisional No. 57/657 will be thereafter treated by this Corporation as Null and Void.

By Order of the Court of Directors,

V. M. GRAYBURN,
Chief Manager.

Hong Kong, 26th July, 1939.

HANDICRAFT SALE AT ST. JOHN'S

The South China Industrial Work for Refugees is holding a sale of handicraft at the St. John's Cathedral Hall, Garden Road, on Tuesday, August 1, from 11 a.m. to 6 p.m. Thousands of useful articles will be on sale among which will be shirts, pyjamas, handbags, handkerchiefs, cushions, toys, clothes, shoes, bedding, tablecloths, and other necessities for men, women, and children and for the home.

There will also be home made cake for disposal and raffles held for valuable prizes. Refreshments will also be served. Most of the handicraft to be sold are the work of the refugees provided for by the Institution, while a great portion represents donations from generous well-wishers. The proceeds of the sale will go towards the Institution's funds to provide for the keeping and training of these refugees.

The Committee of the Institution extends a cordial welcome to everyone and wishes to mention that further donations from the public will be gratefully received.

The Daily Press

報西刺开

Editorial and Business Office: 15-19, Queen's Road Central. Tel. 30251.
Night Editor (Wanchai Office): Tel. 24511.
London Office: 53, Fleet Street E.C.4.

HONGKONG, JULY 28, 1939

AMERICA LEADS

THE ABROGATION by the United States Government of the Treaty of Friendship and Commerce with Japan, which has been in force since 1911, may prove to be the heaviest blow dealt to Tokyo's imperialist ambitions in Asia since the Washington Conference of 1921-22, which forced the Japanese army to evacuate Shanghai.

THE FIRST concrete fruit of President Roosevelt's gradual steering of American foreign policy towards a point at which the great economic and military power of the United States could be cast into the balance as a counterweight to the schemes of the international aggressors, yesterday's action renders possible the complete prohibition of raw material exports to Japan. And statisticians tell us that at the present moment 54.6 per cent. of the goods that the Japanese army and navy need for war are supplied by the United States.

THE ABROGATION of the treaty points clearly to three conclusions:

FIRSTLY, despite the defeat of his neutrality amendment, President Roosevelt is determined to continue the bold anti-aggression policy heralded in a series of his pronouncements and initiated in action by the Lima conference and the transfer of the U.S. Fleet to the Pacific. This means that he believes, as we believe, that American opinion will support him in throwing the weight of the world's greatest Democracy on the side of Peace.

SECONDLY, Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, the Chinese people, and enemies of aggression throughout the world are completely right in their confidence that, whatever the present waverings, the creation of a world front against aggression is inevitable, and that this front will be far stronger than any possible combination of Fascist powers.

THIRDLY, the United States has taken into its hands the initiative in putting pressure on the robber of the Far East, and expects this initiative to be followed by the other interested Powers. To leave the United States to act alone at this juncture would be to sabotage international aid to China and the hope of common action for the preservation of peace throughout the world.

SOME SURPRISE may be occasioned by the fact that the President has gone ahead so boldly despite congressional opposition. The answer to this is that Mr. Roosevelt is backed by an increasingly educated public will which is fast discarding the ostrich isolationism to which its no longer representative representatives still obstinately cling.

THIS SITUATION is in direct contrast to that in Great Britain, where the direction of foreign policy is also largely in the hands of one man. Mr. Chamberlain, however, does not work as openly as Mr. Roosevelt. He is compelled to carry out his appeasement moves behind a smoke-screen of subtlety, and his every open expression of readiness to compromise with aggression is greeted by an uproar in the popular press. Mr. Roosevelt's policy has a future. Mr. Chamberlain's will be reversed.

IT IS OUR OPINION that Mr. Roosevelt is forcing

CORRESPONDENCE

PRESS POSTERS & HEADLINES

(To the Editor of the "Hongkong Daily Press")
Sir,—In the belief that questions in the House of Commons relating to Press Posters and Headlines, have not come under your notice, I append them hereunder:—

"Sir Percy Hurd (Cons., Devon) asked the Prime Minister if he was aware of the harmful effect upon international relations of sensational and exaggerated newspaper posters and headlines in a section of the Press, and if in the next of his weekly conferences with the Press the Foreign Secretary would represent this to them with a view to discovering some remedy."

Mr. Chamberlain: I am glad to take this opportunity of deprecating the display of posters which contain sensational, exaggerated, or misleading captions which are calculated to give rise to unnecessary anxiety at home and undesirable reactions abroad. The same observations are not infrequently applicable to headlines in a section of the Press.

The Foreign Secretary through the news department of the Foreign Office, consistently draws the attention of representatives of the Press to these dangers, and I am glad to think that proprietors and editors of newspapers in this country are aware of that, and with some exceptions are heedful of the advice offered.

Sir Percy Hurd asked, with reference to the exceptions, whether the Prime Minister would say why the Press should not manage its own unruly members as did doctors, lawyers, and other people in the professions.

Mr. Chamberlain: I think the Press do, for the most part."

In calling your attention to the Prime Minister's disapproval of "Sensational, exaggerated or misleading captions which are calculated to give rise to unnecessary anxiety" I do earnestly suggest that the local Press by refraining from the issue of such reports and posters will render this Colony a very real service.

I think there is no gainsaying the fact that much of the present tension prevailing in Hongkong has been due to the distorted reports appearing in the Press, which on reflection have proved to have been largely of a propaganda nature.

This is surely a time when anxiety and fears should be allayed rather than stirred up by publishing unauthoritative and distorted reports.

T. E. Pearce.

(We have always guarded against sensational Posters and Headlines. We do not think that this newspaper can be accused of offending in any way.

Every cable is carefully gone through on arrival and any suggestion of propaganda is expunged. Particular care has been taken by us during the more recent events. Only two days ago we practically suppressed the whole of one semi-official Axis News Agency. The reports of certain news agencies (usually reliable) from Japanese occupied areas in China is liable to be tinged with propaganda, in order probably to pass the Japanese censor.

Unfortunately, sensationalism sells papers and here we think the public and advertisers might help in barring any newspaper that lives on sensational posters and headlines regardless of the truth.—Ed.)

THE WEATHER

The temperature yesterday was 82 degrees with humidity 93 at its maximum and 88 per cent. minimum.

The total rainfall in the last 24 hours, ending at 4 p.m. yesterday was 0.91 of an inch.

A depression is forming about 500 miles east of the Bashi Channel moving in a westerly direction, whilst a shallow depression covers south-east China and Tongking.

A ridge of high pressure extends from Korea to the east of Japan.

Mr. Chamberlain's hand. No longer will it be possible for the Prime Minister to plead that Britain is unable to carry alone the burden of opposing Japan. No longer can America be blamed for lack of co-operation.

THE MOST plausible reason for London's compromise with Tokyo has disappeared. It is time that the attitude that engendered that unfortunate step should disappear also.

ANOTHER agreement with Japan is due for abrogation. True, it has not lasted since 1911. But it has lasted long enough.



H.K. GOVERNOR ON THE TOKYO AGREEMENT

(Continued from Page 1)

a weakening of British policy in China, and that this belief is having a disheartening effect on those who hold it.

I wish to state clearly and emphatically that in my view there is no ground whatever for that apprehension, which, I am convinced, has been sedulously and ingeniously spread by those who are ill-disposed towards Great Britain or who are at enmity with China.

DENIED IN PARLIAMENT

The suggestion has been publicly and categorically denied in Parliament by the Prime Minister and the Secretary for Foreign Affairs in the following identical words: "The declaration at Tientsin does not, and cannot, change the British Government's policy in China."

Sir Robert Craigie has used a very similar phrase.

I am certain that these words mean exactly what they say, no more and no less, and I am clear that to cast doubt upon them must render more difficult the pursuance of that British policy in China.

In certain unfriendly quarters elsewhere the agreement has been publicly hailed as a blow to British prestige and a set-back to China. To represent the British Prime Minister's plain statement of policy as in any way insincere or equivocal is to endorse such propaganda, and to play the game of those who set it about." (Loud Applause).

HON. MR. T. N. CHAU

Hon. Mr. T. N. Chau: My Chinese colleagues and I are very pleased to hear the statement just made by Your Excellency. I am sure that such a statement will help to dissipate any false impression that might be created amongst the Chinese population. (Applause).

MID - WEEK AIR MAIL 24 HRS. LATE

Bangkok Connection Delayed

The arrival of the mid-week inward service of Imperial Airways, from Bangkok, with passengers and mail from all Empire Route ports, has been delayed nearly twenty-four hours. It is reported by the local office that the delay is due to the main line connection in Bangkok being late.

Mr. A. C. Campbell-Orde, chief operations manager of Imperial Airways, who is on an inspection tour of the company's services, was due to arrive on yesterday afternoon's plane. However, according to Mr. M. H. Curtis, manager of the local office, Mr. Campbell-Orde will not arrive in Hongkong to-day, but has postponed his call until August 7.

Change Of Plans

The operations manager will probably proceed to visit the Australian service and stop in Hongkong on his way back to his offices in London. The sudden change of plans has been necessitated by the press of time and the delayed service on this section of the route.

The Imperial Airways plane, "Delphinus" is due to arrive at Kai Tak this morning, with passengers and mail from Bangkok and Hanol.

DECREE NISI GRANTED

The decree nisi granted on January 13 to Lilian Edith Evans Beatrice Muller, who petitioned for dissolution of her marriage with Hans Herbert Muller, was pronounced absolute by the Chief Justice, Sir Atkoll MacGregor, in the Supreme Court yesterday.

"Will Defend To End"

G.O.C.'S FORCEFUL ADDRESS

Portuguese And Chinese Praised

His Excellency the General Officer Commanding said:—Last week when this Bill was read by this Council, I was away in North China.

I therefore take this opportunity to assure Hon. Members how much importance I, as Fortress Commander, attach to it.

No one can forecast the future in these circumstances, and nobody can say what will happen. It may be that this fortress will be attacked. If that happens, these facilities will become necessary, and we shall resist to the full power of our resources and strength.

I mention this point because it is possible that rumours to the contrary may have reached the ears of Hon. Members.

These rumours are spread by those ill-disposed towards us, and I wish to point out that they are entirely false.

It is our intention to defend the Colony to the end, and those who proclaim to the contrary are making mis-statements.

It is my duty to bring to the notice of Hon. Members any measures which I consider important to the defence of this Colony. This Bill, I consider, to be essential in order that the British-European man-power may be organised and distributed in the best way possible.

KEY MEN

It is possible that Hon. Members may be in doubt on that rather vexed question of Key Men, and I think Hon. Members will be glad to hear how it is proposed to solve the problem of those members of the Volunteers who are now, in fact, key men, and who will be key men.

I have pointed out on various occasions in the past, that in my judgment, the number of key men who will remain in a real emergency will be few, but the fact remains that there are undoubtedly a number of essential services and civil organisations which must be maintained under any circumstances and are important in war than in peace.

At this moment, there are undoubtedly a number of members of the Volunteer Force who are key men, and whose services will be required in similar occupations in war, either permanently or in the initial stages, or who can only be spared from their normal duties for service in the Volunteer Corps for a short period.

It may be that there are some who may be spared for two or three days, and then returned to their normal, civil occupations.

Hon. Members will no doubt wish to know how employers are to ensure the retention of the services in war of those members of their staff whom they regard as key men. Any employer who considers that the services of a member of his staff who has joined the Volunteers are essential in war must represent this fact to the Commandant of the Volunteer Defence Corps.

The employer, must, in fact, claim his man. If no satisfactory agreement can be reached between the employer and the Commandant of the H.K.V.D.C., then the matter will be referred to a tribunal to be set up by His Excellency the Governor.

I hope very much that this arrangement will be found very satisfactory. Whatever decision is reached in the case, the man will remain a member of the Volunteer.

I fully realise the difficulty of this key-man question and I fully sympathise with those gentlemen who wish to join up but who are for very excellent reasons unavoidably prevented from doing so.

OTHERS WILL FIGHT

I regret that the Bill was restricted to European Britons but His Excellency has explained why it was necessary. I wish to take this opportunity to express my very high opinion of the local-born Portuguese and Chinese members of the Volunteers. They are expanding and going on very well indeed. I feel confident that they will fight and give their lives willingly in defence of the Colony if necessary.

SEE ALSO PAGE 16

an order for the winding up of the local branch of the Company.

The second and third of Mr. Potter's grounds necessarily involve a consideration of the present relations between China and Japan.

In July 1937 hostilities between these two countries broke out, and at this date are still raging.

As a result of these hostilities the Japanese are in effective occupation of Chefoo and the adjacent country, and of all the maritime coast of the Republic of China. The effect of Proclamations of the Imperial Japanese Government published in August and September 1937 is that it is impossible for ships under the Chinese flag to trade in Chinese waters without being subject to immediate seizure by the naval forces of Japan.

STATE OF WAR

The question whether in these circumstances a state of war exists between China and Japan has been raised by Mr. Sheldon on behalf of those who oppose the petition. The various affidavits filed on behalf of the parties to this action are reasonably explicit on this question. The affidavit of June-ke Choy filed on March 29 in support of the petition refers in paragraph 7 to "the outbreak of hostilities between China and Japan"; his later affidavit of April 3 refers in paragraph 17 to "the blockade of Japanese naval forces exercised against all Chinese vessels"; and Mr. Matsumoto in his affidavit of May 16 in opposition to the application likewise refers in paragraph 9 to "the outbreak of hostilities between China and Japan."

These considered statements on affidavit are entitled to, and must receive due weight, but fortunately for me sitting as a court of first instance, the matter is concluded by two recent judgments.

In the local case of *Ford v. Steinman and others*, which is unreported, the Full Court of this Colony in judgments delivered as early as December 1937 held that such a state of war existed as to justify sailors on peace-time articles from refusing to serve on a voyage into the coastal waters of China or Japan.

More recently the Court of Appeal in England have considered the same question in the case of *Kawasaki Kisen Kaisha Ltd. v. Mitsui Bussan Kaisha Ltd.* (1939) 1 A.E.R. 819 where Sir Wilfred Greene M.R., in upholding the decision of the arbitrator who found that the owners were justified in cancelling a charter party which contained the clause "Charterers and owners to have the liberty of cancelling this charter party if war breaks out involving Japan," spoke of his happiness to be able to avoid coming to a conclusion which would violate all his feelings of common sense.

Mr. Sheldon has been driven to argue that the judgment in each of these cases has relation only to the facts of the particular case. That is true, but the point at issue in each of these cases was just the one which I have to decide, and these judgments apply to the facts of the case now before me as cogently as they do to the facts of the cases in which they were delivered.

Sir Wilfred Greene's recourse to the touchstone of common sense fortifies me in my conclusion, not only on the authorities which I have cited but also on my inescapable knowledge of conditions on the China coast, that a state of war exists between China and Japan, and has existed at all times material to this application.

In January 1939 the local office of the Company was closed and its Chinese employees departed from the Colony. On February 1, 1939 the Dairen Kisen Kaisha Ltd. purported to act as agents of the company in this Colony.

CHINESE LAW

In these circumstances can it be said that the Company is still carrying on business in the Colony?

Mr. T. F. Lo, a well qualified and acknowledged expert in Chinese law, has filed a lengthy affidavit setting out in the clearest terms the common law and statutory provisions governing trading with an enemy of the Chinese Republic.

No counter affidavits have been filed and I therefore accept Mr. Lo's statements as an accurate opinion on the legal principles applicable to this case. According to Chinese law the action of the Company in chartering ships to Japanese interests and in appointing Japanese agents is illegal and criminal and all such contracts are not only void but illegal.

Can it then be said that the Company is carrying on business in the Colony when its ostensible agents purport to act under a contract which is illegal by the law of China which is clearly the proper law? The answer must be no.

NO REPRESENTATION

The parent company in China is in process of compulsory winding up, and the local branch is without lawful representation in the Colony. What then is the position of this Court?

Mr. Cheshire in his recent work on Private International Law at p. 197 writes "It is axiomatic that a contract that is illegal by its proper law cannot be enforced in England. The dearth of authority for this proposition is not surprising, for few would be bold enough to sue on a contract that is prohibited by the legal system to which it properly belongs."

In *The Torni* (1932) p. 78 at 88 Greer L.J. in considering the judgments in the Court of Appeal in *In re Missouri Steamship Co.* (42 Ch.D. 321) said: "I regard the decision as meaning that if, in the country where the contract was made, the contract was illegal—not merely void and unenforceable but illegal—then the courts in this country would recognise the illegality and act in accordance with the law of the country where the contract was made."

Mr. Cheshire puts it thus: "It has been suggested that a contract which is illegal by the law of the country where it is made cannot be enforced in England."

"Bold and sweeping statements of this nature are seldom tenable in Private International Law. This particular one, at any rate, derives little confirmation from the decisions usually cited in its favour, since they were concerned with

cases in which the *lex loci contractus* was also the proper law. The casual place of completion cannot as a rule raise legal effects.

"It is, academic and impracticable to suggest that a contract must be regarded as a nullity everywhere merely because it happens to have been made in a country by the law of which it is illegal. But what is true is that if that country is something more than the *locus contractus*, if, for instance, one of the parties is resident there, or if the subject matter of a contract of sale is situated there, then, even though the law of that country is not the proper law, nevertheless any imperative provision by which it prohibits and illegalises the contract will be recognised by the English Courts."

OPPOSITION'S CASE

Mr. Sheldon has submitted three interesting arguments in opposition to the making of the order prayed.

Firstly, he contends, the fact that the local branch of the Company is precluded by existing circumstances from carrying on business in the Colony is not in itself a ground for making a winding-up order, and he relies on the case of *In re Middlesborough Assembly Rooms Co.* (1879) 14 Ch.D. 104.

In that case a company formed for building and letting assembly rooms resolved, owing to trade depression, to suspend work, for more than a year.

A shareholder presented a petition for winding-up. He was supported by one-eighth in value of the shareholders whereas the petition was opposed by four-fifths in value.

In these circumstances the Court of Appeal held that a winding-up order ought not to be made.

In my opinion that case is easily distinguishable. It was a petition for the winding-up of an English Company whereas here I have to consider a petition for the winding-up of the local branch of a foreign company which has already been wound up by order of a competent court. I know of no authority for keeping alive a branch where the parent trunk is in process of dissolution.

Secondly, he argues, the Supreme Court of China has made an order which is entirely nugatory. The only assets within the jurisdiction of that court are fourteen ships based on Chefoo or Dairen, and, notwithstanding the order of the court these ships are still trading. This court will not make a useless or ineffective decree (*Ferguson v. Wilson* L.R. 2 Chancery Appeals p. 77).

TWO FALLACIES

That argument is based on two fallacies. In the first place the company has within the jurisdiction of this court substantial assets and it has not been suggested that any order which I make will not be immediately effective so far as these assets are concerned. In the second place the fact that certain foreign nationals are in contempt of an order of a competent court is no reason why I should disregard that order or fail to treat it with proper respect. The case of *de Jager v. A.G. for Natal* (1907) Appeal Cases 328 is direct authority for the proposition company in

Chefoo is still subject to the jurisdiction of the Chinese courts. As Lord Loreburn there said in delivering the judgment of the Judicial Committee: "The protection of a State does not cease merely because the State forces for strategic or other reasons, are temporarily withdrawn, so that the enemy for the time exercises the rights of an army in occupation. On the contrary, when such territory reverts to the control of its rightful sovereign wrongs done during the foreign occupation are cognisable by the ordinary courts."

In the third place, he maintains the contributories are "the best judges as to whether there is any danger to the local assets of the company. Their considered view is shown by the fact that whereas the petition is presented by contributories holding 1,500 shares it is opposed by 50,000 in value, and it is a familiar and settled principle that a court will not interfere with a domestic forum."

It is perhaps not surprising that the majority of the contributories resident either in the province of Shantung which is in Japanese occupation or in Dairen in Manchukuo should desire to trade with the enemy. It may, for aught I know be a profitable undertaking; it is in any event more profitable than having the company's ships laid up in harbour or forcibly seized by the Japanese forces.

HIGH TREASON

It is clear however from Mr. T. F. Lo's affidavit that these activities of the company are by Chinese law illegal, in fact treasonable and I have not been referred to any authority for the proposition that, in order to meet the wishes of a majority of shareholders I should connive at and in fact facilitate high treason by subjects of a friendly power.

Mr. D'Almada, who followed Mr. Sheldon, has advanced another argument.

Assuming every argument put forward by Mr. Potter, Mr. D'Almada submits that the true remedy is not a winding up order but an injunction to restrain the local branch from doing illegal acts. That submission seems to me to disregard two facts, firstly, that the company has been wound up in China and that we are concerned here only with a branch, and, secondly, that the company having no representatives here except a Japanese corporation whose contract of agency is illegal by the laws of China, there is no one on whom an injunction could be served.

Having come to the conclusion which I have already reached on Mr. Potter's first ground, it is not strictly necessary for me to state my views on the second and third grounds, but in case on appeal the Full Court holds that the first ground fails it will obviate the necessity for a rehearing *de novo* if I record that in my judgment the petition is one which should be granted on all the three grounds advanced.

There will be an order for the winding up of the branch of the company within the jurisdiction of this Court. There will be liberty to appeal and the costs of the petitioners will be paid from the local assets of the company.

CHINESE SHIPPING CO.'S WINDING-UP PETITION ALLOWED

Judgment Delivered By Chief Justice

The full judgment in respect of the application brought by Shiang Kee, otherwise known as the China Merchants Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., for the winding-up of the Ching Kee Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., was delivered by the Chief Justice, Sir Atholl MacGregor, in the Supreme Court on Wednesday.

Petitioners, who are shareholders in the Ching Kee Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., were represented by Mr. Eldon Potter, K.C. and Mr. H. C. Macnamara, instructed by Mr. D. L. Strellett, of Messrs. G. K. Hall Brutton and Co., while shareholders in Dairen opposing the petition were represented by Mr. H. G. Sheldon, K.C. and the Hon. Mr. Leo D'Almada e Castro, Jnr., instructed by Mr. H. J. Armstrong, of Messrs. Deacons.

The text of the judgment is as follows:—

The Ching Kee Steam Navigation Company Limited, which hereafter in this judgment I shall refer to as "the company" was duly incorporated and registered as a company with limited liability under the laws of the Republic of China on April 1, 1920. The head office of the company has at all material times been in Chefoo. The business of the company is and throughout has been that of ship-owners, carriers by sea, and other business in connection with shipping. Since the year 1920 the company has had a branch office in Hongkong. The company is an unregistered company so far as the laws of this Colony are concerned, and the jurisdiction invoked in this application is that conferred on this Court by Section 313 of the Companies Ordinance 1932, the material provisions of which are:—

313 (1) (b) The circumstances in which an unregistered company may be wound up are as follows:—(i) If the company is dissolved, or has ceased to carry on business, or is carrying on business only for the purpose of winding up its affairs; (iii) If the Court is of opinion that it is just and equitable that the company should be wound up. 313 (2) Where a company incorporated outside the Colony which has been carrying on business in the Colony ceases to carry on business in the Colony, it may be wound up as an unregistered company under this Part of the Ordinance notwithstanding that it has been dissolved or otherwise ceased to exist as a com-

pany under or by virtue of the laws of the country under which it was incorporated.

FACTS SUMMARISED

The facts, so far as they are material to this application, can be summarised quite briefly. The Company owns and operates twenty steamships. Eleven of these vessels are chartered to Japanese interests, three are engaged in ordinary shipping business, and the other six have, since August, 1937, been lying in the waters of the Colony. The only local activity of the Company during that period has been that one of the vessels was from November 1938 to February 25, 1939 chartered for use as a storage hulk.

The Dairen Kisen Kabushiki Kaisha, a corporation established under the laws of Japan, was appointed to act as agents of the Company in 1939, and the local representatives of that corporation purported to assume duty as agents of the company in Hongkong as from 1st February, 1939.

The District Court of Chungking, having been duly authorised in that behalf by an order of the Supreme Court of China, in February 1939 ordered the immediate dissolution of the Company and appointed three liquidators. From that decision an appeal was taken to the First Divisional Court of the Supreme Court of China, which on May 30 dismissed the appeal. That decision is final.

GROUND SET OUT

The present application is based on three grounds:

(i) That there has been a winding-up order made by a court

of competent jurisdiction in the country in which the company was incorporated, and, as a result of that winding-up, the corporate powers of the Company have been destroyed in the country of its origin;

(ii) That the Company has in fact ceased to carry on business in the Colony; and

(iii) That it is just and equitable that the Company should be wound up. The substratum of the Company has gone. It is a shipping company, and cannot carry on legitimate business because of the risk of seizure of their vessels by enemy forces. The only avenue of business open to the Company are either illegal trading with the enemy or work extraneous to the true objects of the company such as the chartering of their vessels for use as hulks within this harbour.

On the first of these grounds, Mr. Potter relies on the case of *In re The Russian Bank for Foreign Trade* (1933) 1 Chancery 745. In that case the Russian revolutionary legislation of 1917 and the following years had put an end to the juristic existence of banking companies incorporated in Russia, and it was held that the impossibility of a branch of such a Russian bank continuing to function according to its incorporating statutes was a sufficient ground for a winding-up order. In delivering judgment Maugham J (as he then was) said: "The decrees as regards banks whose seats and principal offices were taken over by the state, must be regarded as so crippling the powers of the companies that, if not extinct, they could no longer exhibit any of the signs of life. At the best the bank, as a legal corporation, deprived as it was of its assets and its corporators, became no more than a legal conception. Its branch in England, if an old metaphor may be employed, is now a submerged wreck floating on the ocean of commerce. As a branch of the original bank it appears, however, to have or to have had creditors in this country, and if the petition before me is properly presented I am of opinion both that the bank has ceased legally to carry on business, and that it is just and equitable that it should be wound up. The essential features of the case are, indeed, of a simple character. A corporation created and established under a foreign legal system has been allowed by our laws to carry on business and to incur debts in this country. Its corporate powers, if not its corporate existence, have been destroyed in its country of origin. It cannot be doubted that in such circumstances the Court, if it has jurisdiction, ought to make

an order which will secure as far as possible the payment of all just claims against the corporation." An order was made for the compulsory winding-up of the company.

CORPORATIONS

In his speech in the case of *Lazard Bros. & Co. v. Midland Bank* (1933) A.C.289 at 297, Lord Wright says: "English courts have long since recognised as juristic persons corporations established by foreign law in virtue of the fact of their creation and continuance under and by that law. Such recognition is said to be by the comity of nations. This in *Henriques v. Dutch West India Co.* (1728) 2 Lord Raymond (1532, 1535) the Dutch company were permitted to sue in the King's Bench on evidence being given of the proper instruments whereby the law of Holland they were effectually created a corporation there. But as the creation depends on the act of the foreign state which created them the annulment of the act of creation by the same power will involve the dissolution and non-existence of the corporation in the eyes of English law. The will of the sovereign authority which created it can also destroy it. English law will equally recognise the one, as the other, fact."

Mr. Sheldon on this point has referred to two cases in *re Commercial Bank of South Australia* (1888) 33 Ch.D. 174 and *In re Matheson Brothers Ltd.* (1884) 27 Ch.D. 225. These cases, tried while the Companies Act 1862 was still in force, decide only that the English Courts have jurisdiction to wind up a branch in England of a foreign company despite the pendency of foreign liquidation. In the latter case Kay J. says "What is the effect of the winding up order which it is said has been made in New Zealand? This court upon principles of international comity, would no doubt have great regard to that winding up order and would be influenced thereby, but the question, and the mere existence of a winding up order made by a foreign court does not take away the right of the courts of this country to make a winding up order here, though it would no doubt exercise an influence upon this court in making the order."

NOT ALTERED

Here we have not a dissolution as in the two cases to which Mr. Potter has referred me but an intermediate stage, an order for compulsory winding up. I do not think that that radically alters the position. The Company in China is in process of dissolution, and the circumstances are such that in my judgment this court ought to make

UNITED STATES BOMBSHELL FOR JAPAN: 1911 TREATY OF COMMERCE ABROGATED

Capital Taken By Surprise

WASHINGTON, July 27 (Reuter)—The U.S. State Department announces that the United States is terminating the Treaty of Commerce and Navigation of 1911 with Japan, thereby opening the way for an embargo on the shipment of raw materials to Japan.

Mr. Cordell Hull, U.S. Secretary of State handed a note to the Japanese Ambassador in Washington informing him of this step.

EFFECT ON TOKYO FORMULA?

The Government's action came like a bombshell, since it had been stated earlier that the Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate had yesterday postponed discussion of the Treaty until later in the week on a proposal which had been made that the Senate should place on record that the abrogation of the Treaty was favoured.

It was also stated that Senator Pittman revealed to pressmen that the closed session of the Committee had discussed the possible effect of taking such a course on the recent Anglo-Japanese agreement.

Earlier yesterday, Mr. Cordell Hull had a talk with President Roosevelt after seeing his Far Eastern advisers and the President approved of the abrogation of the Treaty, which does not become effective until January 26, 1940. Congress will then be in session and will be able to discuss the question of placing an embargo on the export of raw materials to Japan.

CAPITAL SUPRISED

The abrogation of the Treaty took the capital by surprise. Mr. Hull, at 10.30 p.m., telephoned journalists to go to the State Department where he read the text of the announcement, which states that the Treaty "contains provisions which need new consideration."

Mr. Hull added that the United States was signifying its desire to terminate the pact "with a view to a better safeguarding and promotion of American interests as the new developments may require."

STEP TOWARDS WAR?

The United States is Japan's largest supplier of raw materials which are necessary for war operations, principally cotton, iron, steel and petroleum and supporters of the embargo believe that its application will have such an effect on Japan as to check her in China and, perhaps, force her withdrawal, while opponents of the embargo regard it as a step towards war, believing that Japan will retaliate after which there will be counter-retaliation by the United States and, perhaps, physical conflict.

LONDON ROCKED BY BOMB EXPLOSIONS:

LONDON, July 27 (Reuter)—While the House of Commons was expected to pass the Prevention of Violence Bill in all its stages last night, the entire King's Cross Station and the shops outside were rocked with the violence of a bomb explosion attributed to the I.R.A.

Two taxis were damaged and sixteen persons were injured, of whom one man has already died of the injuries he received.

The terrorists had hidden a bomb in a suitcase which was left under the counter of the Left Luggage Office at the end of one of the main arrival platforms, which was crowded with passengers at the time of the explosion. The splintered wood from the counter was blown forty yards.

Following the explosion, acid fumes filled the station. Private motor cars were used as emergency dressing stations until the ambulances arrived.

Crowds demonstrated against Irish-looking persons and later five men were taken to Cannon Row Police Station for questioning.

MR. DE VALERA CONDEMNS OUTRAGES IN BRITAIN: CHARGED CIRCUMSTANCES

DUBLIN, July 27 (Reuter)—The bombing outrages in Britain were strongly condemned by Mr. Eamon de Valera in the Senate yesterday when replying to the debate on the resolution demanding a Government statement "as to the justifiability and expectancy of bombing activities in Britain by Irish citizens."

Mr. de Valera said: "We know what wrong was done by the partition of Ireland. Unfortunately the Government of Eire are not in a position to remove the causes that led to the unfortunate occurrence in England."

NO EXCUSE

There was no excuse for the bombings and the Government of Eire had no sympathy with them. The bombings had undoubtedly given the Eire Government a setback.

Mr. de Valera appealed to the people concerned to take into consideration the changed circumstances since the establishment of the Eire Government.

Mr. de Valera caused a sensation when he suggested as a remedy for removing the turmoil which embroiled the two countries that those in the North, numbering about 80,000, should be bought out, compensated and allowed to go elsewhere if they did not come into a united Ireland.

China War:

CHINESE IN COMPLETE CONTROL

JAPANESE FAILURE IN S.E. SHANSI

LOYANG, July 27 (Central)—The Chinese retain their positions in south-east Shansi after shattering the latest "mopping up" campaign launched by Japanese contingents converging from the Taokok-Tsinghua, Peiping-Hankow, Chengtai and Tatung-Puchow Railways.

A Chinese force of 100,000 strong, which the Japanese vainly attempted to clear up, is still in complete control of the key points there.

Repulsed by the Chinese, a part of the invaders have begun to withdraw. About 2,000 Japanese who have pushed east of Yicheng, are now moving back to Kuwo, Howma, Antsien and Fowshan, while another 1,000 are returning to Hungtung on the Tatung-Puchow Railway north of Linfen.

The failure of the Japanese campaign is attributed by competent observers to the constant surprise raids conducted by Chinese mobile fighters, the rains which made the ground too muddy for their mechanised units to operate, and the practice of the Chinese people to carry everything away when evacuating from their villages and towns.

Japanese Attacked

AN UNDISCLOSED PLACE, SHANTUNG, July 27 (Central)—More than 200 Japanese troops, moving from Tsingtao to Chungking, in East Shantung, were attacked by Chinese units at Tung-chiachwang, near Chucheng, last Sunday.

ASSASSINATION PLOT THWARTED IN SYRIA

DAMASCUS, July 27 (Reuter).

A plot to assassinate Ben-jel Khalil, the President of the new Syrian Council of Directors, and a number of other high officials and political personages was thwarted by a series of arrests.

Several Palestine terrorists were stated to be involved in the attempt of which the Government was informed and consequently are keeping close guard on the intended victims.

CAUGHT TAKING PHOTOGRAPHS

Japanese Pressman Punished

CHUNGKING, July 27 (Central)—A Shanghai message reveals that a Japanese newspaperman was caught taking photographs during the ceremony in which Admiral Harry Yarnell, the outgoing Commander-in-Chief of the American Asiatic Fleet, transferred his duties to Rear-Admiral Thomas C. Hart, the new Commander-in-Chief, on the U. S. S. Augusta, on Wednesday.

His films, it was stated, were confiscated and he was ordered to stand at one corner until after the end of the ceremony before he was allowed to go.

"CHAMPS" AGAIN BEATEN

The "Champs" suffered their second defeat last night at the Bowling Alleys when they went down to the "Wash-Outs" by the narrow margin of 58 points.

The game was closely contested throughout, the "Champs" led for the first four games but in the fifth the "Wash-Outs" staged a great recovery to aggregate 3,321 points to the losers' 3,283.

Why America Has To Act

JAPAN NOW WANTS WESTERN PACIFIC

TOKYO, July 27 (Reuter)—To secure command of the Western Pacific "which is indispensable for the construction of a new order in East Asia," is the object of the new Japanese fleet, the organization of which has just been announced, according to a spokesman of the Admiralty.

The spokesman stated that the new fleet be kept on a war footing and will engage in special training for emergencies.

NO SIGN OF RELAXATION

ANTI-BRITISH MOVEMENT IN TIENTSIN

CHUNGKING, July 27 (Central)—The Japanese-sponsored anti-British movement in Tientsin is showing "no sign of relaxation," states a Tientsin report.

In a broadcast yesterday the Japanese advised the Chinese residents in the British and French Concessions in Tientsin to move out.

It is learned that British goods in Chinese shops will be inspected and sealed up. Sales of them will be forbidden temporarily.

The British Consul-General in Tientsin has lodged a protest with the Japanese authorities over the wrecking of British property in Tangku by anti-British demonstrators.

WANG'S TRAITOR GANGS ACTIVE IN SHANGHAI

Chinese press dispatches from Shanghai state that Wang Ching-wai's terrorist gangs continue to threaten patriotic newspapers published in the settlement.

The "China Evening News" and other dailies have received letters ordering them to stop publication before August 1. Wang's agents have also approached their workmen offering to pay their keep if they leave their jobs—or else.

Neither publisher nor workers are paying any attention to the traitors. A poignant note is lent to the story by the fact that Wang's organ, the "Chung Hwa Daily News" has also been threatened by the very efficient groups who have made playing about with the Japanese a very dangerous pastime in Shanghai.

As a result, the puppet paper has installed triple iron doors and an armed guard.

COUNTY CRICKET LUNCH SCORES

LONDON, July 27 (Reuter)—County cricket lunch scores are as follows:—

Glamorgan v. Leicestershire (no play before lunch); Hampshire 39 for 2 v. Gloucestershire 212; Lancashire 63 for 3 v. Nottingham 368; Middlesex 368 for 8 v. Derby 110; Somerset 51 v. Essex 72 and 84 for 3; Surrey v. West Indies 187 (at the Oval); Warwickshire 142 for 3 v. Sussex 238; Worcester 102 and 118 v. Yorkshire 91 and 77 for 7.

WORCESTER WIN

LONDON, July 27 (Reuter)—Worcester defeated Yorkshire by 16 runs. Worcester 102 (Verity 4 for 35) and 118 (Verity 4 for 40); Yorkshire 91 (Perks 4 for 20) and 113 (Perks 5 for 50, Martin 4 for 30).

GOODWOOD CUP RESULT

LONDON, July 27 (Reuter)—The Goodwood Cup run to-day resulted as follows:—1. Dubonnet (6 to 4); Senor (8 to 1); Contrevent (100 to 30). Five ran. Won by a length, six lengths between second and third.

King George yesterday received General Evangeline Booth, Head of the Salvation Army, who is retiring in October, reports Reuter from London.

YEN NOTES HIDDEN IN BIG FISH

SHANGHAI, July 27 (Reuter)—An attempt smuggle 6,600 yen in notes into Shanghai in the body of a big fish was foiled recently by two watchful officers of the Chinese Maritime Customs.

Kept in the refrigerator of a coastal steamer, the fish presented a bloated appearance, which aroused the suspicions of the officers. It was cut open on their orders and the notes were found inside, packed in neat bundles.

CANTON CURRENCY CONFUSION

BIG DISCOUNTS IN RELATION TO H.K. DOLLAR

CANTON, July 27 (Reuter)—The depreciation of the Chinese National dollar has caused much confusion in Canton, especially in view of the many different currencies in circulation here.

Recently the notes issued by the former Municipal Bank of Canton were generally not accepted as legal tender, whilst, in a few instances, these were taken at a heavy discount.

In sympathy with the drop in the national currency, military yen also depreciated in terms of the Hongkong dollar. Formerly quoted around Military Yen 185, one can now change 200 yen for each H.K.\$100.

Kwangtung Provincial Bank notes seem to command more confidence than the National dollar. Formerly quoted at a discount of about 20 per cent. in relation to the National dollar, the present discount is only about 12 per cent.

It is learned that the Japanese have protested against Chinese money-changers operating on the island, as these drop in the National dollar usually quote a better rate for the local currency and the military yen than city sources.

Not Accepted. Whether this is true or not, the fact remains that it is now almost impossible to change military yen and local currencies in Shamen. National and Kwangtung notes, however, can be bought from foreign banks, but it is understood that they do not handle military yen.

Though it is logical that these currencies should depreciate in sympathy with the drop in the National dollar in Shanghai and elsewhere, "financial speculators" are blamed for the confusion and it is said that the authorities are endeavouring to introduce some effective method to check their activities.

Troop Movements Taking Place

CANTON, July 27 (Reuter)—The strict searching of Chinese, which was instituted here on July 21, ceased this morning.

Despite the official reason, namely the prevention of the smuggling of military notes to Shamen, it is generally believed that the occasional shooting of Japanese soldiers by armed Chinese was responsible for the searching which was being conducted for arms.

In the meanwhile, heavy troops movements were noticeable in the direction of the Canton-Hankow Railway, where Chinese troops are said to be very active.

TRAGEDY DURING HEAVY RAIN

Four Boys Swept Down Nullah

Four Chinese boys who were playing in the nullah beside the Lower Peak Tram Station shortly after noon yesterday, were swept off their feet by a sudden rush of water during a heavy down-pour of rain and were carried down to the sea, emerging from the outlet near the Victoria Recreation Club.

Of the four boys, three were rescued, Cheung Pak-wah, 13, of No. 4, Wing Lok Lane; Mak Chin, 13, of No. 1, Wing On Lane; and



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Black-out Exercise Success

(Continued from Page 1)

harbour, for the purpose of fighting the imaginary conflagration.

The exercise was carried out with great efficiency and was witnessed by police and Air Raid Wardens and other officials. It lasted approximately 15 minutes, after which time it was assumed that the fire had been extinguished.

GOOD RESPONSE

From the top of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank building, an excellent view could be gained of the black-out in the city as well as on the Peak and mid-levels and in Kowloon.

The Kowloon waterfront was totally dark, while over on the island, a few lights could be observed in the upper levels.

Shops, hotels, restaurants and other public places in the city all handled their black-out arrangements very effectively, in spite of the fact that in most cases business proceeded as usual.

Trams and buses stopped and extinguished all lights as soon as the siren was heard, while other traffic likewise observed instructions. Lights of cars were well shaded all round.

IN WANCHAI

In the Wanchai district a large crowd gathered at the junction of Hennessy Road and Fleming Road as a Sanitary Department van pulled up with a decontamination squad aboard.

A bomb was supposed to have dropped here, and the squad proceeded with the task of clearing off the gas with water from a hose and, later, they scrubbed the street down with brooms.

THE DANGER ZONE

The danger zone was barred by ropes across the street, and at each end A. R. P. volunteers kept a strict watch over pedestrians who ventured into the zone.

RESTAURANT INCIDENT

At the corner of Luard Road and Gloucester Road, a crowd of Chinese began to collect shortly after the siren had sounded. The manager of an American-owned restaurant, next to the Luk Kwok Hotel, was stoned by some Chinese, as he objected to some smoking during the mock air-raid. The noise attracted the attention of several passers-by.

The watchman of the restaurant was also stoned while assisting the manager to chase the mob. Finally a police reservist and a policeman came on the scene.

AT SOOKUNPOO

Between 150 and 200 "casualties," suffering both from gas and bomb wounds, strewn on the playing-fields of Sookunpoo, were attended to by St. John Ambulance units of which had been detailed for duty in that district under the charge of Dr. J. E. Dovey, of the Medical Department.

The Brigade Headquarters on Tai Hang Hill Road having had to be evacuated on account of "gas," a temporary hospital had been established at the Ellis Kadoorie Indian School.

TAI HANG IN FLAMES

The "enemy" having dropped "incendiary bombs" in and around the vicinity of Queen's College playing-field, a large portion of Tai Hang was in flames and this added to the difficulties of the mercy workers.

The general impression left in the mind of this correspondent, however, and he followed "operations" in that district closely—is that the people concerned gave an excellent account of themselves which augured well for any real emergency that might arise.

Chan Hung-leung, 12, of No. 4, Weng Wah Lane.
The fourth, Mak Kin, aged 12, of No. 4, Weng Wah Lane, is missing and is believed to have been drowned.

POSTAGE STAMP FEATURE

Owing to pressure on space, our special postage stamp feature is being held over until to-morrow.

IN KOWLOON

In Kowloon a host of A.R.P. volunteers, recruited to duty, trudged restlessly from house to house, some shy, others self-possessed and authoritative, stopping occasionally to call out a sharp command where a light gleamed on.

An occasional hawk, possessed of an acute business sense, sidled through the crowd, advertising his wares in a sonorous voice above the din.

The lights of Kowloon dimmed with the first sound of the siren and from areas, predominantly Chinese reports were that the native populace showed the finest sense of co-operation.

SERVANTS A PROBLEM

Servants in European households were the worse offenders, and many a kitchen light lingered on as the siren continued sounding.

THE RAIDERS COME

The raiders (even if imaginary) did come within a few minutes of the warning siren, and in the near vicinity of the Yau-mai Police Station two or three (some claimed) three buildings were ablaze.

One of these buildings was the Yau-mai Government School, and here the Fire Brigade was busy at work. The hose was turned on from several fire-engine cars, and the gathered crowd rushed for shelter as water showered down.

A block away along Shanghai Street from the junction of that street with Waterloo Road and in the direction of Tsimshatsui, the decontamination squad was at work. A gas-bomb had been dropped here, and for 15 minutes one block's length of Shanghai Street was scrubbed vigorously.

THE CROWDS

The crowd, several men deep, surged forward again and again in an attempt to see more of what was going on. Grotesque figures in gas-masks held it at bay as sand (or was it sawdust?) and then "Mixture Z," fluid protection from Mustard Gas, was spread over the street surface.

A touch of realism was added to the scene as a reeking odour from the decontaminating fluid filled the air. The figures in the masks and boiler suits seemed to grow more restless with the minutes and, as though bitten by a bug, a masked figure would suddenly rush into the crowd to push it back.

After 15 minutes, the men of the decontamination squad were allowed to take off their hoods, and their unanimous opinion, as opinion held in common with the police officers who had stood guard over the area in similar masks and boiler suits, was that the heat inside these suits came near to being unbearable.

EXERCISE A SUCCESS

The decontaminating squad carried out their job to a high degree of efficiency, and the exercise was a complete success.

Police stations reported that there had been no particularly trying time with pickpockets, and a single man in dock at Yau-mai Police Station was there before the siren first sounded. The first ferries to Hongkong moved through the harbour almost completely without lights.

Opinion in Kowloon last night pronounced the black-out a complete success.

COMBINED EXERCISES

The Navy, Army and Volunteers took part in combined exercises last night. The manoeuvres were part of a programme planned about two months ago, and which is designed to test the defences of the Colony under actual emergency conditions.

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AUTHOR & TRAVELLER ARRIVES IN COLONY

Dr. Colin Ross & Family: Thirty Years Of Touring Countries Of The World

Loaded down with plenty of baggage, a motor car and many stories of their past travels, Dr. Colin Ross, with his family, descended on Hongkong. Yesterday morning, the German author and traveller, accompanied by Mrs. Ross and a very good-looking son, arrived in the Colony on the m.v. Gneisenau from Japan, via Shanghai.

This family, which enjoys the "jolie de vivre" to the fullest extent, have not visited Hongkong since 1930. They expect to see new and progressive changes, as they have found in Japan and Shanghai.

Dr. Ross, author of approximately eighteen books, will probably write another of the highly interesting present outlook of the various countries he has visited on this world tour.

PRESENT TOUR

Leaving their home in Munich in September, the "Ross Family"

crossed to America and covered that country by motor car, the trip taking almost five months. Their next port was Japan, and here they made use of their car, travelling through the country for nearly four months.

And now they are in the Colony for several days and will continue on to French Indo-China, which they will tour by motor, terminating this section of their travels in Singapore. Dr. Ross is expecting to be home before the beginning of the year.

During the past thirty years, the "kypsy" in Dr. Ross has caused him to tour the countries of the world. He knows the peoples well and contends that it is mainly through the use of a motor car which has carried him to many out of the way places.

He found the Japanese nation well united in their one desire to "establish a new order in East Asia." Their patriotic spirit and united efforts he has not seen in any other section of the world.

"WAR IS HORRIBLE"

Regarding war in Europe, Dr. Ross is an optimist. Having served four years in the World War, he hopes not to see another.

"Anyone who saw service in past wars could never wish for another; they definitely want peace. War is a horrible state, which truly can never be explained or defined; one must live in it to understand," is the expression of this quick and intelligent author's thoughts.

Now, Dr. Ross is back in the city he appreciates next to Rio de Janeiro and he expects to enjoy his short stay to the utmost.

South China Blockade

Further extending its closure operations against south China ports, the Japanese navy will make the harbours of Santuao, Loyuan, and Shacheng, all north of Foochow in northern Fukien, inaccessible this week, Vice-Admiral Koshiro Oikawa, commander-in-chief of the Japanese "China Seas Fleet," announced in Shanghai on July 18.

Military operations against Santuao and Loyuan, the Japanese naval authorities said, would be launched at 8 o'clock in the morning, Japan time, on July 31, while those against Shacheng would be started at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, Japan time, on July 22.

Customary Request

The customary request for the evacuation of third party vessels, including men-of-war, from these harbours, as well as the evacuation of third party nationals from the areas in the vicinity of those ports, was made by Vice-Admiral Oikawa through Mr. Yoshiaki Miura, Japanese Consul-General, to the Consular Body. The Chinese Maritime Customs were also notified.

WEATHER REPORT

HONGKONG ROYAL OBSERVATORY

10 a.m., July 27.
Barometer (at sea level), 29.84 ins.
Temperature, 82 F.
Humidity, 93 per cent.
Wind Direction, N.W.
Wind Force (Beaufort), 2.
Temperature; maximum yesterday, 88 F.
Temperature; minimum last night, 80 F.
Rainfall for 24 hrs. ending 10th to-day, 0.29 ins.
Total rainfall since January 1st, 59.34 ins.
Against an average of, 50.77 ins.
Sunset to-night, 7.06 p.m.
Sunrise to-morrow, 5.52 a.m.
4 p.m., July 27, 1939.
Barometer (at sea level), 29.54 ins.
Temperature, 82 F.
Humidity, 88 per cent.
Wind Direction, W.S.W.
Wind Force (Beaufort), 4.
Maximum temperature, 83 F.
Minimum temperature, 80 F.
Rainfall, 0.91.

HONG KONG TIDE TABLE

From 28 July to 3 Aug. 1939

Days of Week	Date of Month	HIGH WATER		LOW WATER	
		Hong Kong Standard Time	Height	Hong Kong Standard Time	Height
Fri.	28	h.m.	f.f.	h.m.	f.f.
		07 04	6.8	14 20	1.4
Sat.	29	07 50	6.9	09 54	3.6
		21 55	4.3	14 53	1.2
Sun.	30	08 33	7.0	01 40	3.4
		22 28	4.6	15 28	1.0
Mon.	31	09 19	7.1	02 28	3.8
		23 55	4.8	16 57	0.8
Tue.	1	10 43	7.0	03 10	3.1
		24 23	4.7	16 30	0.9
Wed.	2	11 11	6.8	03 48	2.1
		25 45	4.8	17 08	1.1
Thur.	3	11 40	6.6	04 27	3.1
				17 33	1.3

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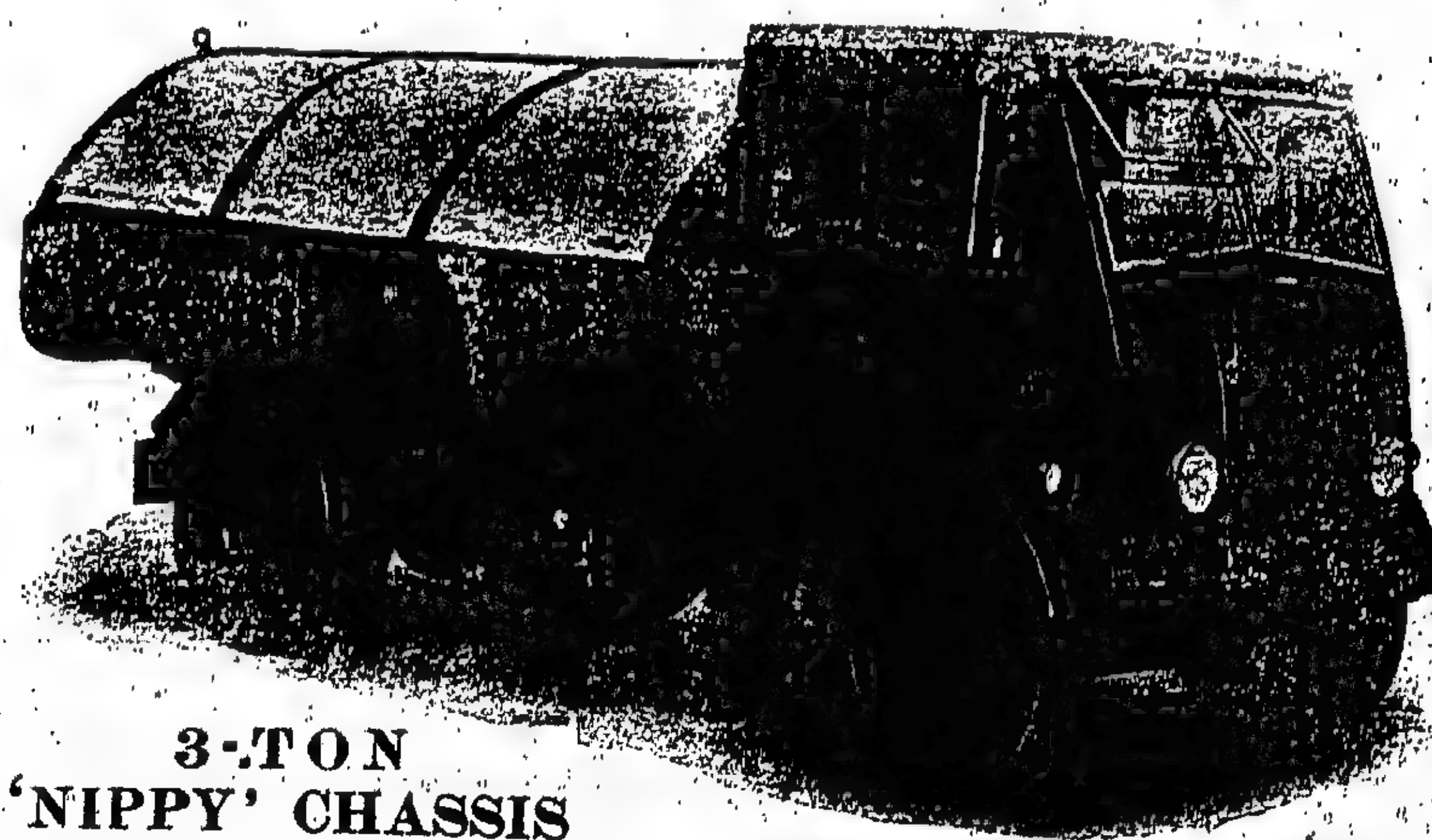
Peak District\$30.
Bowen Road and Lower Levels\$28.
Kowloon\$27.
Repulse Bay\$31.
Pokfulum\$30.
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MONEY AND EXCHANGE

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

JULY 27, 1939

On London:	Telegraphic Transfer, 1/8 19/34
Bank Bills, on demand/19 19/32	
Credits 4 months' sight 1/2 27/32	
On Shanghai:	On demand 390.
On Singapore:	On demand 51 3/4
On Japan:	On demand 104
On India:	Telegraphic Transfer, 1/8 1/3
On New York:	Bank Bills, on demand 28 7/16
Credits, 60 days' sight 28 15/16	
On Batavia:	On demand 83
On Paris:	Bank Bills, on demand 1073
Credits 4 months' sight 1115	
On Saigon:	On demand 107
On Manila:	On demand 57 1/8
On Bangkok:	On demand 152 1/4
Sterling Notes:	Bank Buying Rate 1/13/16
Bar Silver per oz.	167/16

Market Report

FROM ROZA BROS.

Silver prices dropped 3/16 yesterday for both deliveries, the quotations being 167/16 for Ready and 161/16 for Forward. Silver advances reported India and Speculators as having sold. There was some bear covering. The market was steady but quiet. American Silver was quoted at 34 3/4 for Spot.

The London/New York cross-rate was quoted at 488.15. New York/London was quoted at 488.3/16.

Market

Erratic.

Sterling

Opened with sellers at 1/221/32 leading to business later at 1/2 11/16 for near and 1/221/32 November/December. The market then eased off slightly but towards lunch time 1/211/16 was still available for cash and 1/221/32 November, buyers at 1/223/32 Cash and 1/211/16 November.

U.S. Dollars

Business was done during the course of the morning at 28 11/16 for cash, 28 9/16 October and also first half October. The market closed at 1 p.m. with sellers at 28 5/8 July/August, 28 9/16 September and 28 1/2 October, buyers at 28 11/16 Cash, 28 5/8 first half September and 28 9/16 October.

Shanghai Dollars

Opened with sellers at 331. Subsequently business was done at 339 and 345. The market closed at 1 p.m. with sellers at 347.

Shanghai Market

Opened nominal at 43/8. Subsequently the market receded to 41/4. At this stage the market reacted to 49/32. Toward lunch time the market was indicated as being weak at 43/16.

Afternoon Market

Steady.

Sterling

The market closed with sellers at 1/211/16 July, probably August, and 1/221/32 September/December, buyers at 1/223/32 Cash and 1/211/16 October.

U.S. Dollars

Nothing doing. The market closed with sellers at 28 5/8 July, probably August, 28 9/16 September and 28 1/2 October, buyers at 28 11/16 Cash, 28 5/8 first half September and 28 9/16 October.

Shanghai Dollars

The highest rate this afternoon was 350. The market closed with sellers at 345.

Shanghai Market

The lowest rate reported was 41/8. At the close sellers were reported at 45/32 for Spot.

London Exchange

London, July 26 (BWS).

Closing mean rates were:—Paris, 176-23/32.
New York, 468-5/32.
Montreal, 468-3/8.
Brussels, 27.55.
Geneva, 20.75.
Amsterdam, 8.75.
Milan, 89-1/32.
Berlin, 11.68.
Stockholm, 19.40.
Lisbon, 110-3/16.
Other rates were unchanged.

SILVER MARKET

London, July 26 (Reuter).

LONDON SILVER

Silver—India and speculators sold. Bears covered. Market quiet. In the afternoon, the market was quietly steady, with Indian bear covering.

Spot, 16-7/16d.

Forward, 16-1/16d.

NEW YORK SILVER

New York, July 26 (Reuter).

Official Price, 34-3/4.

BOMBAY SILVER

Bombay, July 26 (Reuter).

Market—Quiet but steady.

Output 50 bars.

Indian Mint Silver

Ready 44-13

Aug. 11 Settlement 44-07

Sept. 9 Settlement 44-01

India Rupee Paper

Bombay, July 26 (Reuter).

Govt. 3 1/2 Rupee, 98-11-0.

New York Exchange

New York, July 26 (Reuter).

T.T. on London (Opening Rate), 488-3/16.

Calcutta Exchange

Calcutta, July 26 (Reuter).

T.T. on Japan, 78-5/8.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATION

STOCKS	Last Sale	JULY 27, 1939	STOCKS	Last Sale	JULY 27, 1939
Adams Express	84		Int. Tel. & Tel.	74	
Allegheny Steel Co.	194		Johns Manville	79 1/2	
Allied Stores	9		J. & Laughlin Steel	57 pfd.	47
Allis Chalmers	37		Kennecott Copper	37	
Aluminum Ltd.	130 1/2		Libbey-Owens-Ford	52 1/2	
Amerasia Corp.	63		Lockheed Aircraft	52 1/2	
Amer. Can.	96 1/2		Loew's Inc.	48	
Amer. & Foreign Power	24		Manhattan Shirt Co.	13 1/2	
Amer. & Foreign 77 pf.	20 1/2		Martin, Glen L.	34 1/2	
American Gas & Elec.	38 1/2		McKesson, Robbins	104	
Amer. Locomotive	19 1/2		Montgomery Ward	53 1/2	
Amer. Metals Co.	30		National Cash Register Co.	20 1/2	
Amer. Radiator	12 1/2		Nat. Dairy Products	17 1/2	
Amer. Rolling Mill	16 1/2		Nat. Distillers	15 1/2	
Amer. Sling and Ring Co.	46 1/2		National Gypsum	25 1/2	
Amer. Sugar Ring	167 1/2		National Lead	13 1/2	
Amer. Tel. & Tel.	85 1/2		Nat. Power & Light	22 1/2	
Amer. Tobacco "B"	85 1/2		National Steel Corp.	9 1/2	
Amer. Waterworks	11 1/2		Nat. Supply Corp.	67 1/2	
Anaconda Copper	27 1/2		New York Central	16 1/2	
Anaconda T. & S. Fe.	30 1/2		Niagara Hudson Power	74	
Auburn Motors	5 1/2		N. American Aviation	16 1/2	
Baltimore & Ohio	14 1/2		North American Co.	24 1/2	
Barber Asphalt Co.	13 1/2		North Pacific	10 1/2	
Barnsdall Oil	25 1/2		Owens-Illinois Glass Co.	67	
Bendix Aviation	84 1/2		Pacific Gas & Elec.	33 1/2	
Bliss & Co.	10 1/2		Pacific Lighting	50	
Boeing Airplane Co.	23 1/2		Packard Motors	32	
Borg-Warner	28 1/2		Paramount Pictures	10	
Briggs Manufacturing	13 1/2		Pennsylvania R.R.	19	
Brocklyn-Mhattan Trans.	13 1/2		Phelps-Dodge	39 1/2	
B'klyn-Mhattan 88 cum pf.	44 1/2		Phillips Petroleum	38	
Canadian Pacific R'way	44		Public Service of N.J.	40	
Case, J.I.	76		Pullman Inc.	28 1/2	
Celanese	26 1/2		Pure Oil	7 1/2	
Chesapeake & Ohio	36		Radio Corp. of Am.	6 1/2	
Chrysler Corp.	83 1/2		Reading Company, 1st pfd	23 1/2	
Colts Patent Fire-Arms	80		Remington Arms Co. Inc.	3 1/2	
Columbia Gas & El.	8		Republic Steel	19	
Columbia 8% "A" pf.	86 1/2		Reynold Tobac. "B"	40 1/2	
Commonwealth & S. (ord.)	18		Richfield Oil	7 1/2	
Cwealth & S. 6% cum pf.	70 1/2		Safeway Stores	54 1/2	
Consolidated Edison	33 1/2		Schenley Distillers	13 1/2	
Consolidated Oil	7 1/2		Schenley, 5 1/2 pf.	75	
Continental Can	37 1/2		Sears Roebuck	79 1/2	
Continental Oil	22		Servco Aircraft	3 1/2	
Corn Products	62		Shell Union Oil	11	
Curtiss Wright (C.)	5 1/2		Socony-Vacuum Oil	11 1/2	
Curtiss Wright "A"	25 1/2		Southern Pacific	15 1/2	
Deere & Co.	20 1/2		Southern Ry 3 1/2 pfd.	28 1/2	
Distillers Corp. Seagrams	18 1/2		Sperry	44 1/2	
Douglas Aircraft	71 1/2		Standard Brands	6 1/2	
Du Pont de Nemours	157 1/2		Standard Gas & Elec.	23	
Eagle Picher Lead	10		Standard Oil of California	26 1/2	
Eaton Mfg. Co.	25 1/2		Standard Oil of N.J.	42 1/2	
Elec. Autolite	35 1/2		Stone & Webster	13 1/2	
Elec. Bond & Share	10 1/2		Swift International	27 1/2	
Elec. Bond & Share 5 1/2 pf.	59 1/2		Technicolor	16 1/2	
Elec. Bond & Share 8 1/2 pf.	69 1/2		Texas Gulf Sulphur	30	
Elec. Power & Light 7 1/2 pf.	32 1/2		Trans-America Co.	5 1/2	
Flintkote	21 1/2		20th Cent. Fox	20 1/2	
Food Machinery Corp.	34 1/2		20th Cent. Fox 3 1/2 pf.	30 1/2	
Gen. Electric	51		Union Carbide & Carbon	82 1/2	
Gen. Motors	48 1/2		Union Pacific	88 1/2	
Gen. Railway Signal	18 1/2		United Aircraft	38	
General Tire & Rubber Co.	23 1/2		United Airlines Trans.	12 1/2	
Gillette Co.	19		United Corp.	3 1/2	
Goodrich (B.F.)	19		United Gas Corp.	2	
Goodrich 5 1/2 pf.	30 1/2		United Gas Improvement	13 1/2	
Goodyear Tire & Co.	30 1/2		U.S. Rubber 3 1/2 pfd.	110 1/2	
Great Northern Iron Ore	15		U.S. Steel	54 1/2	
Great Northern Ry. pfd.	28 1/2		Vanadium	24 1/2	
Great Western Sugar	19		Warner Bros. Pict.	5 1/2	
Greyhound Corp.	12 1/2		Westinghouse Elec.	108 1/2	
Hecker Products	72 1/2		Woodward Iron Corp.	19	
Hercules Powder Co.	63 1/2		Woodward Iron Corp.	19	
Homestead Mining	27		Chase National Bank	32 1/2	
Industrial Rayon	55 1/2		National City Bank	26 1/2	
International Harvester	55 1/2				
Int. Nickel	50 1/2				

DOW JONES AVERAGE

1939	July 27, 1939	July 26, 1939	Change
High: Low Dow Jones Average	143.10	142.89	142.81
154.85 121.44 30 Industrials	143.10	142.89	142.81
34.33 24.14 30 Rails	39.99	39.99	39.99
38.52 20.71 30 Utilities	25.95	25.95	25.95
32.32 27.08 40 Bonds	30.18	30.18	30.18
51.09 45.59 11 Commodity Index	47.55	47.55	47.55

HONGKONG SHARE QUOTATIONS

STOCK EXCHANGE SHAREBROKERS' ASSOCIATION

Buyers	Sellers	Share	THURSDAY 27, JULY.	Buyers	Sellers	Share	THURSDAY 27, JULY.	Buyers	Sellers	Share
			Banks							
\$1320		\$1325	H.K. Banks	\$1330		\$1335				
			Do. (Col. Reg.)							
			Chartered Banks							
			Marionette Bks. "A"							
			Marionette Bks. "C"							
			Bank of East Asia							
			N. C. & S. Bank							
			Insurance							
			Canton Insurance							
			Union Insurance							
			Underwriters							
			H.K. Fire							
			Shipping							
			Douglas							
			Steamboats							
			Indo-China (Pref.)							
			Indo-China (Def.)							
			Shells							
			Waterboats							
			Docks, Wharves, Godowns, etc.							
			H.K. & K. Wharves							
			Providents							
			Providents (new)							
			H.K. & W. Dock							
			Do. (new)							
			Shanghai Dock B.							
			New Engineering S.							
			Mining							
			Kailans							
			Rauha							
			Vancouver Gold Fide							
			Hong Kong Mines							
			Land, Hotels and Buildings							
			H.K. Hotels							
			H.K. Lands							
			Do. 4% Debentures							
			Shanghai Lands S.							
			H.K. Realities							
			Humphreys							
			Chinese Estates							
			Cotton Mills							
			Ewa (S.)							
			S'hai Cottons (S.)							
			Zoong Sings (S.)							
			Wing On Textiles (S.)							
			Public Utilities							
			Tramways							
			Peak Tram (old)							
			Peak Tram (new)							
			Star Ferry							
			Y'mat Ferry							
			Do. (new)							
			China Lights (O)							
			China Lights (New)							
			China Lights Rtn.							
			H.K. Electric							
			Macao Electric							
			Standard Lights							
			Telephone (old)							
			Telephone (new)							
			Tramways							
			Tramways (pref.)							
			Industrials							
			Cald, Macg (Ord.) S.							
			Cald, Macg. (Pref.) S.							
			Canton Loan							
			Cement							
			Ropes							
			Miscellaneous							
			Dairy Farm (Old)							
			Dairy Farm (New)							
			Ch. S'haimeans							
			Constructions (old)							
			Constructions (new)							
			Lane Crawford							
			Nanyang Tobacco							
			Sincere							
			Watsons							
			Ch. G.S. 1250G Sds.							
			H.K. Gov. 4% Loan							
			H.K. Gov. 3% Loan							
			H.R. Wing On							
			S'hai Wing On							
			Vitro Piling							
			Maramans Inv. (Loc.)							
			Maramans Inv. (H.K.)							
			Wm. Fowells							
			*Sales to Shanghai							

BANKS

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI
BANKING CORPORATION

Authorized Capital.....\$50,000,000
Issued & Fully Paid-Up.....\$20,000,000
Reserve Funds:
Sterling.....£ 8,500,000
H.K. Currency Reserve \$10,000,000
Reserve Liability of
Proprietors.....\$20,000,000

Head Office:—HONG KONG

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W. H. Lock, Esq., Deputy Chairman.Hon. Mr. J. K. Bousfield,
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Chief Manager.

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Canton Hongkong Shanghai
Chefoo London Singapore
Colombo Lyons Sourabaya
Dairen Malacca
Fochow Manila
Haiphong Muar
Hankow Nankai
Harbin New York
Hongkong Peiping Yokohama
Hiole

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened in
LOCAL CURRENCY and FIXED DEPOSITS
received for one year or shorter
periods in Local and other Curren-
cies on terms which will be
quoted on application.
Also up to date SAFE DEPOSIT
BOXES in various sizes To Let.
Hong Kong, 25th June, 1939.

HONGKONG SAVINGS
BANK

The Business of the above Bank
is conducted by the HONGKONG &
SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
For the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI
BANKING CORPORATION.
V. M. GRAYBURN,
Chief Manager.
Hong Kong, 25th Feb., 1939.

BANK OF EAST ASIA,
LIMITED

Authorized Capital.....\$10,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital.....5,988,000.00
Reserve and Undivided
Profits.....2,883,032.01

Head Office:—HONG KONG
No. 10 Des Voeux Road, Central.

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Sir Shouson Chow, Chairman.
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F. K. Kwok, Esq., Wang Chi Sen, Esq.,
Wong Yee Tong, Esq., Kan Ying Po, Esq.,
Chau Ching Shok, Esq., Fung Ping Wah, Esq.,
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Li Tse Yung, Esq., Manager.

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Amoy Kowloon Penang Singapore
Batavia London Raigoon Sourabaya
Bombay Calcutta San Francisco
Calcutta Malacca
Canton Hongkong Shanghai
Chefoo London Singapore
Colombo Lyons Sourabaya
Dairen Malacca
Fochow Manila
Haiphong Muar
Hankow Nankai
Harbin New York
Hongkong Peiping Yokohama
Hiole

Every description of Banking and
Exchange business transacted. Loans
granted on approved securities.
Current Accounts opened in Local
Currency and Fixed Deposits re-
ceived for one year or shorter
periods in Local and Foreign Curren-
cies on terms which will be
quoted on application.
SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES To Let.
KAN TONG PO,
Chief Manager.

BANK OF CHINA

Specially Chartered by
THE NATIONAL GOVERNMENT
OF CHINA AS AN
INTERNATIONAL EXCHANGE
BANK

PAID-UP CAPITAL \$40,000,000.00
(BRANCHES ALL OVER CHINA)

Owing to our numerous Branches
in China and connections in the
principal Commercial Centres of
the World, we are able to extend
to our Clients special facilities for
Domestic and Foreign Banking and
Exchange.

Head Office:—SHANGHAI

Hong Kong Branch:

4, QUEEN'S ROAD, C.

South China Office:

CANTON KONGMOON
SWATOW TOISHAN
SHUICHOW KINGCHOW

We also handle the issue of Bonds
and other Public Funds of the
Chinese Government, both at Home
and Abroad.SHOU J. CHEN,
Manager.THE CHARTERED BANK OF
INDIA, AUSTRALIA
AND CHINA

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1833

Paid-Up Capital.....£3,000,000
Reserve Fund.....£3,000,000
Reserve Liability of Pro-
prietors.....£3,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: LONDON

38, Bishopsgate E.C.2.

Sub-Agencies in London:

117/119, Leadenhall Street, E.C.3.

West End Branch:

14/18, Cockspur Street, S.W.1.

Manchester Branch:

52, Mosley Street, Manchester, 2.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

ALICE STAR HARBIN PENANG

AMRITSAR HONG KONG RAIGOON

BANGKOK IPOH SAIGON

BATAVIA KARACHI SHANGHAI

BOMBAY KUALA LUMPUR SINGAPORE

CALCUTTA KUALA LUMPUR SINGAPORE

CANTON KUALA LUMPUR SINGAPORE

CEYLON KUALA LUMPUR SINGAPORE

COLOMBO KUALA LUMPUR SINGAPORE

DAIREN KUALA LUMPUR SINGAPORE

FOCHOW KUALA LUMPUR SINGAPORE

HAIPHONG KUALA LUMPUR SINGAPORE

HANKOW KUALA LUMPUR SINGAPORE

HARBIN KUALA LUMPUR SINGAPORE

HONGKONG KUALA LUMPUR SINGAPORE

HIOLE KUALA LUMPUR SINGAPORE

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Japanese
Planes Over
ChungshanFARMERS & BUSES
MACHINE-GUNNED

MACAO, July 27 (Reuter)—

Yesterday Japanese planes

were active over Chungshan,

machine-gunning farmers who

were harvesting their crops

and also motor buses, one of

which contained four murderers

wanted in connection with an

armed robbery in Macao recently

and who were enroute to

Macao.

One of them was killed and two

wounded, while one other prisoner

was also killed.

The appearance of a number of

Japanese warships near Wang-

moon has been reported.

WUCHOW BOMBED

KWEILIN, July 27 (Central)—

Wuchow, important city on the

West River, in East Kwangsi, was

subjected to a fierce air raid by

18 Japanese planes yesterday.

Scores of demolition and

incendiary bombs were dumped in

the city, starting several fires.

Early in the morning, a lone

Japanese machine flew over the

city for reconnaissance.

OFFICERS & WORKERS
RELEASEDRECENT ARRESTS
IN SHANGHAI

CHUNGKING, July 27 (Central)—

Following representations

made by the British Consul-

General, Fu Siao-en, the

Japanese-appointed Mayor of

Greater Shanghai, set free

yesterday morning the three

foreigners and over 100 Chinese

overseers and coolies belonging

to the Public Works Depart-

ment of the Shanghai

Municipal Council, according

to a Shanghai dispatch.

Twenty-five P. W. D. lorries

which were seized were also

returned.

The arrests and seizure were

made on July 25, in Japanese-

occupied territory where refuse

from the International Settlement

was being dumped, the contention

being that the Shanghai Municipal

Council had no right to dump

refuse there.

Thetis Will
Not Be
Abandoned

LONDON, July 27 (Reuter)—

Mr. Geoffrey Shakespeare, Par-

liamentary and Financial Sec-

retary to the Admiralty, re-

plied in the negative yester-

day in the House of Commons

in answer to a question as to

whether it was intended to

abandon the submarine Thetis.

The Government earnestly de-

sired to salvage the Thetis as

soon as possible, he said, and

the question of further salvage steps

was under consideration by all

the parties concerned.

NAVAL PATROL
OFF PALESTINERefugees Prevented
From Landing

LONDON, July 27 (Reuter)—

One division of destroyers and

five Government motor

launches were engaged in

patrolling the Palestine coast

to prevent Jewish refugees

landing, Mr. Malcolm Mac-

donald, Secretary of State for

the Colonies, revealed during

question time in the House of

Commons yesterday.

Refugee Settlement

Mr. MacDonald later announced

that it was contemplated to start

the experimental settlement of

250 to 500 refugees in British

Guiana by the despatch of a

pioneer party in the autumn.

The ultimate number to be

settled would depend upon the

result of the experiment and

further inquiry into the agricul-

WANG CHING-WEI'S
"PEACE" APPEAL REFUTED:
DR. LO WEN-KAN'S REPLY

CHUNGKING, July 26 (Central)—Dr. Lo Wen-kan, once Minister of Justice and concurrently Minister of Foreign Affairs and now a member of the People's Political Council, has issued a statement thoroughly refuting Wang Ching-wei's "peace" appeal.

Together with seven other members of the People's Political Council Dr. Lo has recently submitted a petition to Mr. Lin Sen, Chairman of the National Government, and Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, urging the immediate arrest of Wang.

Dr. Lo refuted passage by Wang Ching-wei's statement issued on the night of July 9 appealing for "peace."

Wang: "The entire success of the Revolution in China is to a great extent dependent on the understanding of Japan," once said Dr. Sun Yat-sen, the late leader of the Kuomintang. There is a great deal of truth in this statement. Japan is already a Great Power, whereas China is just starting on the road to progress. For China to go to war against Japan is therefore tantamount to striking a stone with an egg.

Lo: Whether Dr. Sun Yat-sen did actually make such a statement or not nobody knows. But we all know that Kang Yu-wei and Liang Chi-chao failed in their Constitutional Movement while Dr. Sun Yat-sen succeeded in his Revolution because he advocated Nationalism.

If a weak China against a strong Japan is equivalent to striking a stone with an egg, then there could have been no chance in history for weak nations to strive to become strong and small nations to struggle for self-preservation and they should all have capitulated as Austria and Czechoslovakia did to Germany.

Wang: General Chiang Kai-shek flatly refused Japan's peace overtures, and with a high-handedness typical of dictators, crushed all suggestions for peace within the Kuomintang and within China. And during the last six months, things have become even worse.

LEGAL PROCEDURE
Lo: China's policy of peace and war has been laid down according to the legal procedure and any change should also be made according to this procedure. War or peace should be decided by the opinion of the nation and not by that of any individual.

Previously Chinese who made political talks under the protection of foreign concessions were ridiculed by foreigners as "foreign concession politicians." One who stays in the enemy's place and talks of "peace" to please the enemy will certainly remain a disgrace in the eyes of posterity.

Wang: I see two roads before us now. One is to follow the lead of General Chiang Kai-shek's high sounding words of continuing resistance. The present military strength of the forces under his command is not adequate to resist Japan, nor to keep control of the communists either. The other is to take steps to bring again into realization the teachings of our late leader, Dr. Sun Yat-sen. The first step will be the restoration of peace between China and Japan. The next step will be the maintenance of peace in Eastern Asia. The road of General Chiang Kai-shek leads to the extinction of the nation, whereas the latter road leads to the re-birth of China and to the restoration of prosperity to Eastern Asia.

MILITARY STRENGTH

Lo: The test of China's military strength in the last two years has been seen by both Chinese and foreigners. Any criticism on it should be based on facts. Japan won battles in the Wuhan area, Nanchang, and other places but China's purpose is to win the war. So long as China fights on and does not surrender who can be the victor? Since the Opium War, the Chinese have lost confidence in themselves for 100 years.

The revival of the national spirit hinges upon the current war of resistance. Who believes that it will lead to the extinction of the nation? As to the heathenish teaching of Dr. Sun Yat-sen to serve Japan, even non-Kuomintang members will protest on behalf of the late leader.

There is now, therefore, no further obstacle to the return to Spain of this Spanish gold whose aggregate value is about 1,500,000,000 French Francs.

PROGRESS
OF MOSCOW
PARLEYSFresh Instructions
Sent

LONDON, July 27 (BWS)—The Prime Minister referred in the House of Commons to the Moscow conversations and said that fresh instructions were sent to the British Ambassador, Sir William Seeds, last night and that he hoped to be in a position to make a statement early next week.

Asked whether it was true, as stated in the press, that it had been agreed that military and naval talks would take place in Moscow, Mr. Chamberlain replied: "We have sent certain instructions to Sir William Seeds, but we have not yet heard the reactions."

Asked if the French were sending a military mission to Moscow, Mr. Chamberlain replied: "I have stated before that the French and British Governments are acting in close collaboration."

French Collaboration
PARIS, July 27 (T/Ocean)—A decision to despatch forthwith a military mission to Moscow for the purpose of starting general staff talks with the Soviet Union will be taken by the French and British Governments in the course of Wednesday, says the "Intransigent."

The same paper claims to be able to state that the French section of this military mission will be headed by General Dumenil, Commander of the Army Corps of Lille, while the British section will be led by General Ironside.

It is further reported in the Paris press that a conference designed to pave the way for general staff talks with Moscow has already taken place between General Gamelin, the Chief of the French General Staff, and General Dumenil.

New Instructions
New instructions for the continuation of pact negotiations with the Moscow Government will be despatched on Thursday to the French and British Ambassadors in Moscow, according to well-informed political circles here.

The outlook here is as before generally considered to justify optimism and in certain circles it was even asserted on Wednesday night that the negotiations will probably end successfully within the next 48 hours.

Spanish Gold
Goes Back
To Spain

PARIS, July 27 (T/Ocean)—The law suit that has been before the French Courts for some time concerning the gold belonging to the Bank of Spain, which was deposited with the Banque de France, and the return of which to Spain was decided on some weeks ago by the Bernad-Jordana Agreement and confirmed by a decision of the Ministerial Council, has now finally been terminated before the Paris Civil Court.

The suit brought by the former Governor of the Republican State Bank of Valencia, Senor Nicole d'Oiver, to prevent the return of the gold to the Spanish Government, reinforced by the suits of several French holders of treasury certificates issued by the Bank of Valencia and later declared invalid by the Spanish Government, was denied by the Paris court.

There is now, therefore, no further obstacle to the return to Spain of this Spanish gold whose aggregate value is about 1,500,000,000 French Francs.

PRESIDENT LINER
Sailings

FOR SAN FRANCISCO & LOS ANGELES
via SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU
S.S. "PRESIDENT COOLIDGE" Sails July 30th at 12 Noon
S.S. "PRESIDENT TAFT" " Aug. 12th at 8.00 A.M.
S.S. "PRESIDENT CLEVELAND" "

Via Canada

TO HONOLULU, CANADA,
UNITED STATES AND
EUROPE

EMPRESS OF CANADA Noon Aug. 4
 EMPRESS OF RUSSIA Noon Aug. 18
 EMPRESS OF JAPAN Noon Sept. 1
 EMPRESS OF ASIA Noon Sept. 15

Air-conditioned equipment on C.P.R.
 Trans-Continental Trains. Frequent
 Canadian Pacific Atlantic sailings to
 Europe.

TO MANILA
 EMPRESS OF CANADA July 28
 at 8.00 P.M.

Canadian Pacific

Union Bldg.
 Tel. 20752.



Canadian Pacific



SAN FRANCISCO & LOS ANGELES via Honolulu.

TAIYO MARU (Starts from S'hai) 4th Aug. 1 A.M.
 ASAMA MARU 14th Aug.

SEATTLE & VANCOUVER. (Starts from Kobe;

Convenient connection from Hong Kong).
 HEIAN MARU (from Kobe) 24th Aug.

SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu,

Hilo, Los Angeles, Mexico, & Balboa to Valparaiso.

NEW YORK via Panama.

NAGARA MARU 19th Aug.
 KITANO MARU 29th July

LONDON, MARSEILLES, NAPLES via Suez.

KASIMA MARU 23rd July
 HAKONE MARU 12th Aug.
 BUSIMI MARU 29th Aug.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila, Davao, Thurs-

day Island, Brisbane.
 KITANO MARU 29th July

BOMBAY & KARACHI via Singapore & Colombo.

TOYAMA MARU 31st July
 TANGO MARU 8th Aug.

RANGOON & CALCUTTA via Singapore.

TOBA MARU 31st July
 LIMA MARU 7th Aug.

KOBE AND YOKOHAMA

HAKOZAKI MARU 23rd July
 SUWA MARU 12th Aug.
 ATUTA MARU 18th Aug.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISYA

King's Building, 3, Connaught Road.

GENERAL PASSENGER AGENTS IN THE ORIENT FOR THE

CUNARD WHITE STAR LINE

(Cargo only).

(Telephone 30291)

BARBER - WILHELMSEN LINE

MONTHLY SERVICE TO

BOSTON AND NEW YORK

Via LOS ANGELES & PANAMA CANAL PORTS.

Also taking cargo on through Bills of Lading for West Indies
 ports, Rio de Janeiro, Santos, Rio Grande do Sol, Buenos Aires,
 South America and West Africa.

NEXT SAILING

M.V. "TAI PING"

on 18th AUGUST

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

Agents

Hong Kong, Bank Building.

Telephone 28921.

SHIPPING

DUE TO-DAY

Yu Sang, British, 2,039 registered
 tons Capt. H. S. Goddard from
 Haiphong at buoy No. B?—J.M. & Co. (Tel. 30311).

Sui Yang, British, 1,594 registered
 tons Capt. W. G. McKendrick from
 S'hai a.m. at buoy No. B?—B. & S. (Tel. 30331).

Dahpu, Norwegian, 1,146 registered
 tons Capt. Sven from S'hai
 a.m. at buoy No. B?—J.M. & Co. (Tel. 30311).

Seistan, British, 1,571 registered
 tons Capt. R. C. Creer from K. C.
 Wan 10 a.m. at Douglas Wharf—
 Douglas & Co. (Tel. 28037).

Hakozaki Maru, Japanese, 6,310
 regd. tons Capt. Z. Hirai from Eu-
 rope & Straits 7 a.m. at buoy No.
 A1—N.Y.K. (Tel. 30291).

Emp. of Canada, British, 12,811
 regd. tons Capt. G. G. G. from Van-
 couver, Japan & S'hai noon at
 K'loon Wharf—C.P.S. (Tel. 20752).

Kasima Maru, Japanese, 6,148
 regd. tons Capt. K. Fukuda from
 Japan, S'hai & Keelung 10 a.m. at
 buoy No. A2—N.Y.K. (Tel. 30291).

Kitano Maru, Japanese, 4,726 re-
 gistered tons Capt. Fukuda from
 Japan 3 p.m. at buoy No. A7—N.Y.
 K. (Tel. 30291).

Islami, British, 3,817 registered
 tons Capt. A. Kair from Japan
 a.m. at buoy No. A?—J.M. & Co.
 (Tel. 30311).

DUE TO-MORROW

Fres. Coolidge, American, 15,576
 regd. tons Capt. W. O. Kohlmeister
 from Manila a.m. at K'loon Whf.
 —A.P.L. (Tel. 28171).

Szechuen, British, 1,594 registered
 tons Capt. A. Cook from Haiphong,
 Pakhoi, Hoihow & K. C. Wan
 a.m. at buoy No. B?—B. & S. (Tel. 30331).

Glaucus, British, 4,983 registered
 tons from Europe, Straits, Manila
 and S'hai 7 a.m. at Holt's Wharf—
 B. & S. (Tel. 30331).

Taiyo Maru, Japanese, from
 S'hai a.m. at buoy No. A1—N.Y.K.
 (Tel. 30291).

SHIPS IN HARBOUR

Stonecutters—Jesse Moller.
 Yaumati—Produce. Pipina.
 Prosper. Prominent. Pronto. Marie
 Moller. Hai Dah.

Shum. Shui Po—Indira.
 K'loon Wharf—Marchen Maersk
 Regensburg.

West Point Wharf—Ming Sang
 Holt's Wharf—Mentor
 North Point—Gladys Moller.
 Talkoo Sugar R. Whf.—Tinegara

DOCKS

Talkoo—Breconshire, Dardanus,
 Chinese Prince, Silverwalnut, An-
 shun, Anking, Titan.

Kowloon—Ardent. Yuen Sang
 Tegelberg, Hydra.
 Cosmopolitan—Hai Yang.

BUOYS

No. A 3—Tainan
 No. A 9—Grete Maersk
 No. A 11—Benlimes
 No. A 12—Van Hentz

No. A 14—Haldis
 No. A 16—Besholt
 No. B 4—Changon
 No. B 5—Helikon

No. B 6—Hareldawins
 No. B 10—Hellas
 No. B 11—Mui Hock
 No. B 14—Kweiyang
 No. B 15—Tsinan

ARRIVED YESTERDAY

Chekliang, British, 1,313 registered
 tons Capt. D. Brothie from
 Haiphong at buoy No. B21—B. & S. (Tel. 30331).

Regensburg, German, 5,013 regd.
 tons Capt. Horder from Europe &
 Straits at Kowloon Wharf—
 Melchers & Co. (Tel. 27772).

Canton, French, 976 registered
 tons Capt. G. Charlot from Haiphong
 at buoy No. C1—M. M. (Tel. 28651).

Gneisenau, German, 10,712 regd.
 tons Capt. E. Hengstenberg from
 Japan and Shanghai at Kowloon
 Wharf—Melchers & Co. (Tel. 27772).

Changon, British, 2,235 registered
 tons Capt. L. N. Beer from K.C.
 Wan at buoy No. B4—Chang-
 on & Co. (Tel. 34181).

Marchen Maersk, Danish, 4,100
 regd. tons Capt. Nielsen from
 U.S.A., Japan and Shanghai at
 Kowloon Wharf—Jebens & Co. (Tel. 31205).

Besholt, Norwegian, 2,959 registered
 tons Capt. L. Langefoss from
 Manila at buoy No. A18—
 Gilman & Co. (Tel. 30966).

Gladys Moller, British, 3,296 registered
 tons Capt. T. P. Hansen from
 Haiphong at K'loon Bay—
 Moller Line. (Tel. 25764).

SAILING TO-MORROW

Kitano Maru, Japanese, 4,726 re-
 gistered tons Capt. Fukuda from
 buoy No. A7 for Sydney and Mel-
 bourne via Manila, Davao, Thurs-
 day Island, Brisbane 7 a.m.—N.Y.
 K. (Tel. 30291).

Seistan, British, 1,571 registered
 tons Capt. R. C. Creer from Douglas
 Wharf for K.C. Wan noon—
 Douglas & Co. (Tel. 28037).

Tainan, British, 6,154 registered
 tons Capt. A. E. Carter from buoy
 No. A3 for S'pore, Port Swetten-
 ham, Penang, Rangoon and Calcutta
 10.30 a.m.—J.M. & Co. (Tel. 27721).

Titan, British, 5,737 registered
 tons Capt. F. Dark from buoy No.
 A8 for Dairen, Kobe, Nagoya, Yo-
 kohama, Victoria, Vancouver and
 Seattle a.m.—B. & S. (Tel. 30331).

Helikon, British, 1,220 registered
 tons Capt. W. Anderson from buoy
 No. B5 for Saigon p.m.—Wo Fat
 Sing. (Tel. 20005).

Taiyo Maru, Japanese, from
 buoy No. A1 for Manila 3 p.m.—
 N.Y.K. (Tel. 30291).

Ming Sang, British, 2,025 regd.
 tons Capt. G. M. Cater from West
 Point Wharf for Haiphong 5 p.m.
 —J.M. & Co. (Tel. 30311).

Kweiyang, British, 1,580 regd.
 tons Capt. E. H. Haged from buoy
 No. B14 for S'hai 4 p.m.—B. & S.
 (Tel. 30331).

Yu Sang, British, 2,039 registered
 tons Capt. H. G. Goddard from
 buoy No. B? for Swatow, S'hai,
 Chefoo, T'sin, and W.H.W. 4 p.m.
 —J.M. & Co. (Tel. 30311).

Changon, British, 2,235 registered
 tons Capt. L. N. Beer from buoy
 No. B4 for K.C. Wan a.m.—Chang-
 on & Co. (Tel. 34181).

No. B16—Nanchang
 No. B20—Kalgan
 No. B21—Chekiang
 No. B22—Woolgar
 No. B23—Shinal
 No. B25—Weyven
 No. C 1—Canton

SAILING TO-DAY

Mui Hock, Norwegian, 1,306 re-
 gistered tons Capt. J. Mathiasen
 from buoy No. B11 for Bangkok 5
 p.m.—Chin Seng Hong. (Tel. 25291).

Grete Maersk, Danish, 4,097 re-
 gistered tons Capt. Hansen from
 buoy No. A9 for Keelung, S'hai,
 Japan and U.S.A. 4 p.m.—Jeb-
 sen & Co. (Tel. 31205).

Tsinan, British, 2,100 registered
 tons Capt. J. K. Clark from buoy
 No. B15 for Haiphong 2 p.m.—B.
 & S. (Tel. 30331).

Regensburg, German, 5,013 re-
 gistered tons Capt. Horder from
 K'loon Wharf for S'hai, Taku, Dai-
 ren and Japan p.m.—Melchers &
 Co. (Tel. 27772).

Tinegara, Dutch, 5,783 registered
 tons Capt. J. Van Rees from
 Talkoo Sugar R. Wharf for Amoy
 and S'hai p.m.—J.C.F. Line. (Tel. 28015).

Emp. of Canada, British, 12,811
 regd. tons Capt. G. G. G. from
 K'loon Whf. for Manila 8 p.m.—
 C.P.S. (Tel. 20752).

Hellas, Norwegian, 1,114 regis-
 tered tons Capt. J. L. A. Nilssen
 from buoy No. B10 for Bangkok
 a.m.—Thoresen & Co. (Tel. 30237).

Silverwalnut, British, 3,693 regd.
 tons Capt. T. S. Morgan from Tai-
 koo Dock for Manila, Hilo, Cebu,
 New York and Boston 10 a.m.—
 Furness (Far East), Ltd. (Tel. 23165).

Kalgan, British, 1,557 registered
 tons Capt. F. Gibbs from buoy No.
 B? for K.C. Wan, Tourane, Saigon
 & Bangkok 10.30 a.m.—B. & S. (Tel. 30331).

Kasima Maru, Japanese, 6,148
 regd. tons Capt. K. Fukuda from
 buoy No. A2 for S'pore, London,
 Marseilles, Naples via Suez 3 p.m.
 —N.Y.K. (Tel. 30291).

Hakozaki Maru, Japanese, 6,310
 regd. tons Capt. Z. Hirai from
 buoy No. A1 for Kobe & Yokohama
 noon—N.Y.K. (Tel. 30291).

Mentor, British, 4,844 registered
 tons Capt. Waite from Holt's Whf.
 for S'hai and Japan noon—B. & S.
 (Tel. 30331).

SAILED YESTERDAY

Laos for Haiphong
 Hong Siang for Amoy
 Bengloe for Milke
 Glenogle for Shanghai
 Hai Hing for K.C. Wan

Yochow for S'hai
 Kiangsu for Amoy
 Gneisenau for Manila
 Wing Wo for K.C. Wan

MEN OF WAR IN HARBOUR

The following men of war were
 in harbour yesterday:—

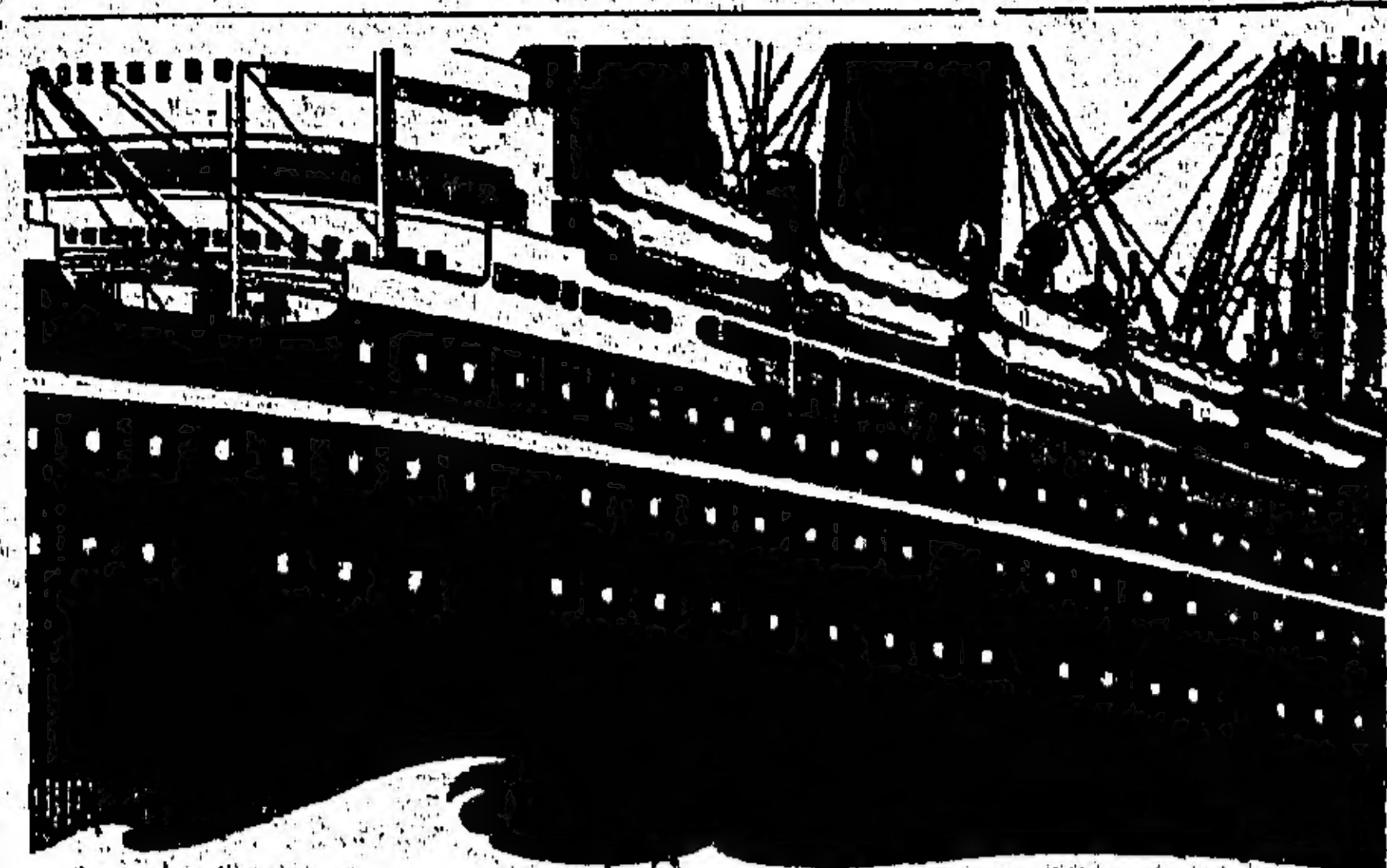
Sloops: Folkestone, Lowestoft,
 Gunboats: Tarentula, Robin,
 Destroyers: Thanet, Thraxian,
 Scout, Duncan, Diamond.

Submarines: Rorqual, Rainbow,
 Regulus, Rover, Pandora, Parthian,
 Orpheus.

Foreign men of war:—American:
 Pillsbury, Heron; Portuguese: Joao
 de Lisboa.

ALONG THE COAST

H.M.S. Dainty left Swatow for
 Hongkong yesterday afternoon.
 H.M.S. Tenedos is now at Swatow.
 H.M.S. Decoy is at Amoy and
 H.M.S. Defender is at Foochow.

P.O. BRITISH INDIA (APCAR) AND
EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN LINESMAIL AND PASSENGER STEAMERS
TAKING CARGO FOR

Straits, Java, Burma, Ceylon, Australia, Red Sea, Egypt,
 India, Iranian Gulf, Mauritania, Europe,
 East and South Africa.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY

DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS

under contract with H.M. Government

All vessels may call at any port on or off the route, and the route and all

sailings are subject to change or deviation with or without notice.

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (About)	Destination
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PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL SAILINGS

SCORFU	14,500	5th Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles & London
BURDWAN	6,000	15th Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles & London
CANTON	16,500	19th Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles & London
CARTHAGE	14,500	2nd Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles & London
SUMALI	6,000	9th Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles & London
RAJPUTANA	17,000	16th Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles & London
RAJ CHH	17,000	30th Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles & London
BANGALORE	6,000	7th Oct.	Bombay, Marseilles & London
RANPURA	17,000	14th Oct.	Bombay, Marseilles & London
RAWALPINDI	17,000	28th Oct.	Bombay, Marseilles & London
CHITRAL	15,000	11th Nov.	Bombay, Marseilles & London
COBPU	14,500	25th Nov.	Bombay, Marseilles & London
CANTON	15,500	8th Dec.	Bombay, Marseilles & London
CARTHAGE	14,500	22nd Dec.	Bombay, Marseilles & London

* Cargo only.

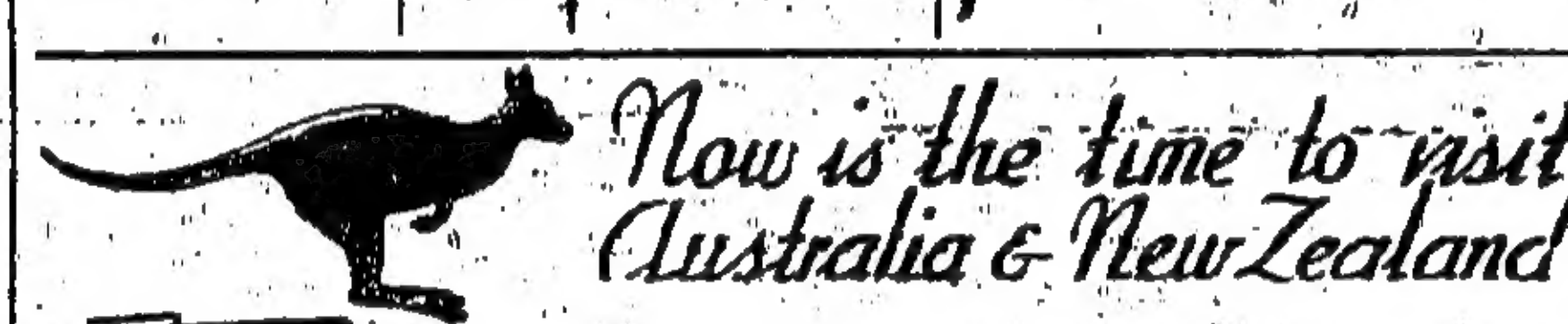
+ Calls Casablanca

§ Calls Tangier

All vessels may call at Malta.

BRITISH INDIA - APCAR SAILINGS

TALMA	10,000	29th July 10.30 A.M.	Singapore, Port Swettenham
SIBDHANA	10,000	12th Aug.	Penang, Rangoon & Calcutta
SIBRALA	8,000	26th Aug.	
TILAWA	10,000	9th Sept.	
SANTHA	8,000	23rd Sept.	

Now is the time to visit
Australia & New Zealand

lands of Sunshine and Romance. "Down Under" you will find a new being and
 even if you are not inclined towards Surfing, Fishing, Shooting or Mountaineering you will
 find that the Antipodes have plenty to offer you—including 24 hours for your power.

On the way down your life aboard will be as you wish, quiet or hectic for the K. & A. will
 humour your every whim.

And by the way, there is no additional charge for Deck Cabins and there is of course
 a Sun Deck swimming pool, an Orchestra and a fine laundry.

A Surgeon and Stewardess are at your disposal and last but not least—we had almost
 forgotten—the cruise will set you listening eagerly for the Gong.

Regular monthly sailings from Hong Kong to Shanghai and Japan and Hong Kong to
 Australia.

Hong Kong to Sydney—19 days.
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 Vancouver, etc.

The P. & O. Royal Mail Steamers to London and
 The New Zealand Shipping Co.'s Steamers for London via Panama Canal.

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS

NEELORE	7,000	4th Aug.	Manila, Rabaul, Brisbane
TANDA	7,000	2nd Sept.	Sydney, Melbourne & Hobart
NANKIN	7,000	20th Sept.	

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN

CARTHAGE	14,500	3rd Aug.	Shanghai & Japan
SOMALI	6,000	3rd Aug.	do
SIBRALA	8,000	3rd Aug.	Japan
TANDAL	7,000	7th Aug.	Shanghai & Japan
RAJPUTANA	17,000	17th Aug.	do
TILAWA	10,000	17th Aug.	Japan
RANCHI	17,000	31st Aug.	Shanghai & Japan
SANTHA	8,000	31st Aug.	Japan
BANGALORE	6,000	1st Sept.	Shanghai & Japan
RANPURA	17,000	14th Sept.	Shanghai & Japan
TALMA	10,000	14th Sept.	do

* Cargo only.

ALL DATES are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

For further information, Passage, Freight, Handbooks, etc., apply to
the Agents.

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S.S. "CITY OF MANDALAY" Havre, London, R'dam, H'burg & Glasgow ... 14th Aug.

S.S. "CITY OF EVANSVILLE" Hav

